



Merlin Gas Detector - X



Installation & Operation Manual

Please read this manual carefully and retain for future use.

At S&S Northern, we supply a full range of remote gas detectors including carbon monoxide (CO), natural gas (NG) and liquid petroleum gas (LPG) that are compatible with our range of Merlin control panels.

The information contained within this manual should be referenced for typical installation and operation only. For specific requirements that may deviate from the information in this guide – contact your supplier.

CONTENTS

- INSTALLATION3**
- Planning 3
- Typical Location and Positioning 3
- Typical Installation Arrangement 4
- Fixing 4
- Board Overview 5
- Wiring the Detector 5
- Merlin -X- Systems 5
- Merlin -S- Systems 7
- Merlin -GDP- Systems 7
- X Chain ID Switches 8
- Audible Alarm Switch 8
- Factory Set Condition 8
- Trouble Shooting 9
- Specification 9

- OPERATION 10**
- First Power Up 10
- Gas Level Indicators 10
- End of Life Indicator 10
- Testing the System 11
- Service & Maintenance 11
- Bump Testing 12

- IMPORTANT WARNING STATEMENTS 13**
- Manufacturer’s Warranty 13
- Installation Details 16

INSTALLATION

Planning

Our detectors should be installed in areas at risk of gas leaks e.g. over boilers, valves or meters. Take in to account the design of the air flow patterns within the zone area.

Detectors should be installed in the correct orientation, as recommended by the manufacturer, and ease of access should be accounted for to allow for any bump tests, recalibration and other forms of maintenance.

Areas to avoid

Avoid conditions of any other environmental factors that could potentially impede the accuracy and operation of the detectors such as; condensation; vibration; temperature, pressure, the presence of other gases, electromagnetic interference and draft zones.

Area of coverage

Consider the coverage required and function of the area. Emphasis should be placed on airflow patterns and correct placement, not perceived detecting ranges. The target gas will only be identified when contact is made with the sensing element itself.

Maximum Gas Detectors Per Zone

Merlin 'S' panel range	1
Merlin 'GDP' panel range	3
Merlin 'GDP-X' panel range	4



Multiple detectors may be required to adequately protect property and persons.

Typical Location and Positioning

Locations for detectors will vary based on the intended application and target gas, they should be located near identified sources of a potential gas leaks/ pockets where hazardous gas could quickly accumulate and areas of identified consequential risk.

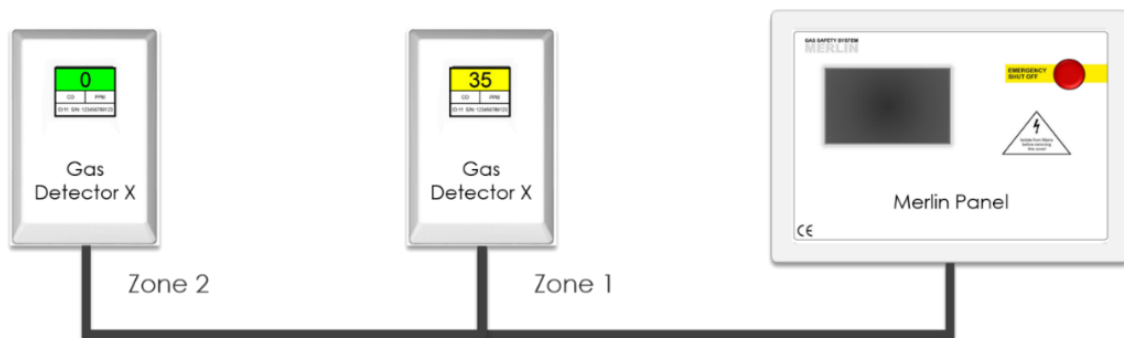
The composition of the target gas and its density relative to air are used as the basis for the recommended height of sensors. Generally, the installation height of a sensor for a heavy gas (such as propane) would be close to the lowest point in the area, and for a light gas (such as methane) would be close to the highest point in the area.

These recommended heights may vary based on air flow and temperature conditions in addition to the proposed application and location – this is particularly apparent with oxygen depletion sensors, and the target gas that they are used for.

Target Gas	Typical Detector Position
Natural Gas/Methane (NG/CH ₄)	High Level - 300mm (1ft) from ceiling
Liquid Petroleum Gas (LPG)	Low Level - 300mm (1ft) from ground level
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	Breathing Zone - 1700mm (5ft 6") from ground level
Hydrogen (H)	High Level - 300mm (1ft) from ceiling
Oxygen (O ₂)	*Breathing Zone - 1000-1500mm (3 - 5ft) from ground level

* If you are installing and monitoring Oxygen depletion – consider the density of gas for its application and position the detector accordingly i.e. ground level for high density gases.

Typical Installation Arrangement



Many detection systems are designed around a centralised control unit of which the location also needs to be considered. They should be located outside of the hazardous area that they are monitoring.

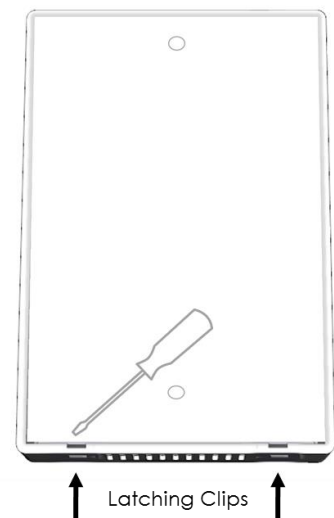
Easy accessibility is required both for status observation and alarm purposes.

The use of sound strobes are highly recommended.

Fixing

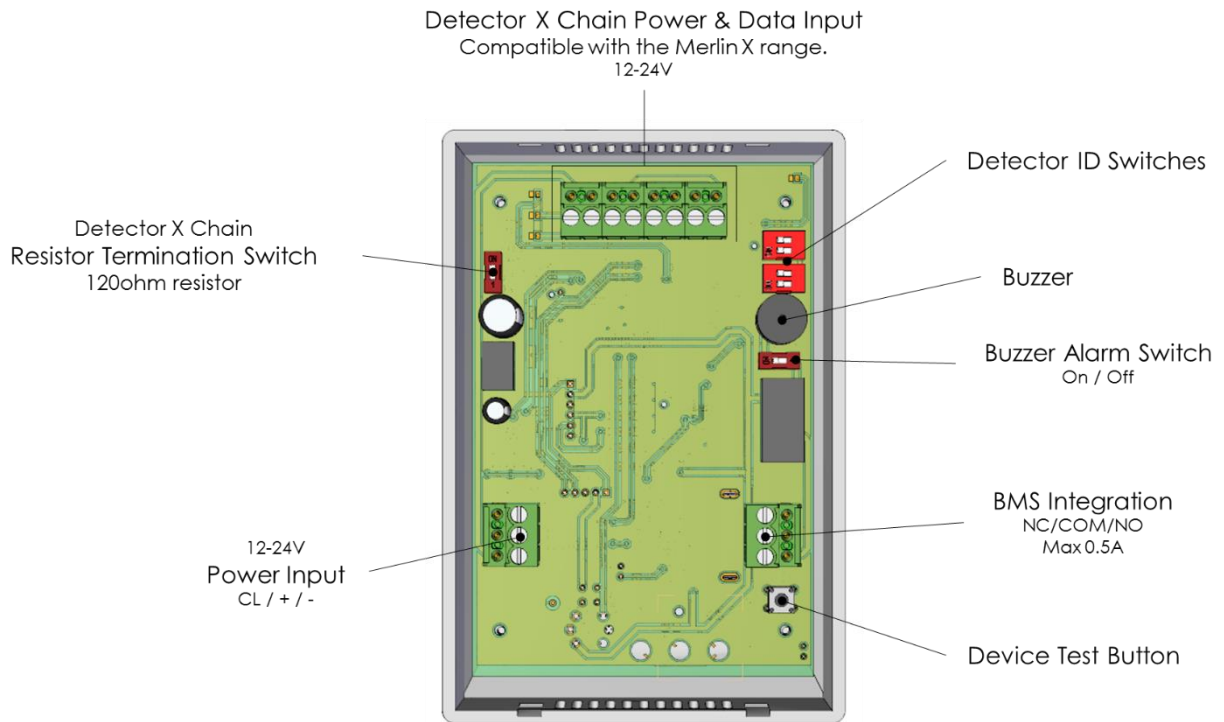
Unpack all the parts!

1. Carefully remove the rear cover from the unit by releasing the two latching clips located at the bottom of the case. To do this – use a small flat head screwdriver.
2. Using the rear cover - mark the screw holes to the wall. Ensure the wall surface is flat to prevent base distortion.
3. There are two pre-fractured areas for cable entry provided on the inside of the rear cover which may be cut away as required.
4. After executing the mounting and the connections – replace the rear cover ensuring the two clips are latched.
5. Make a note of the installation date on the label located on the side of the unit.



Be careful when creating access for cables – Damage to boards will void any warranty.

Board Overview



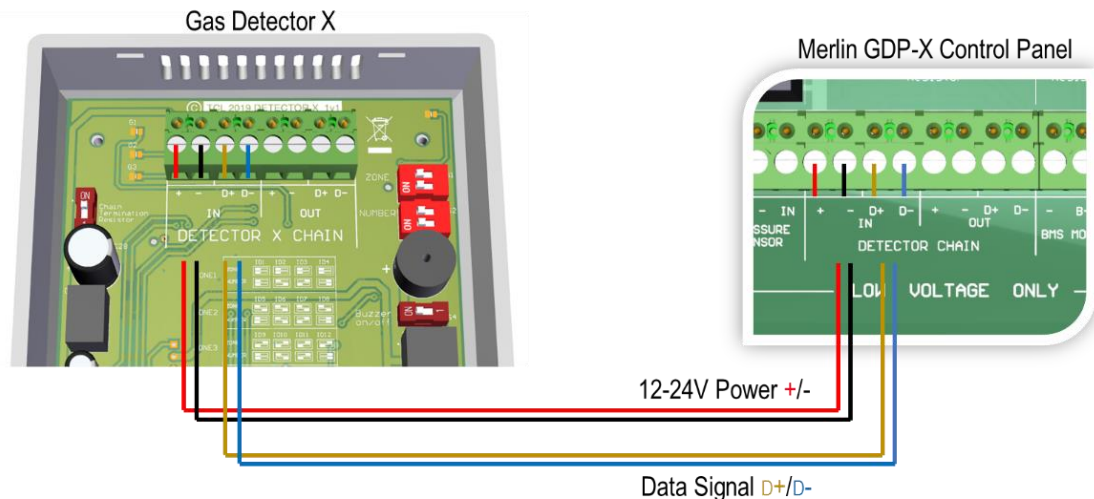
⚠

Do not attempt to remove the Circuit Board! This will void any warranty.

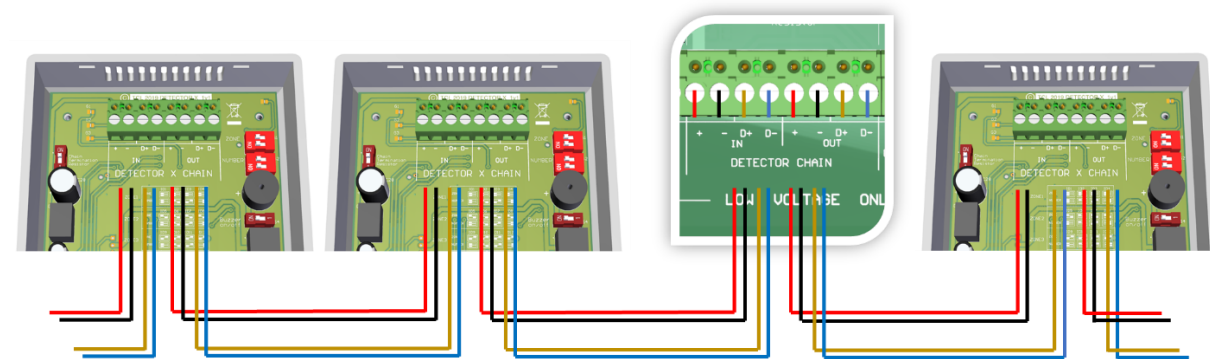
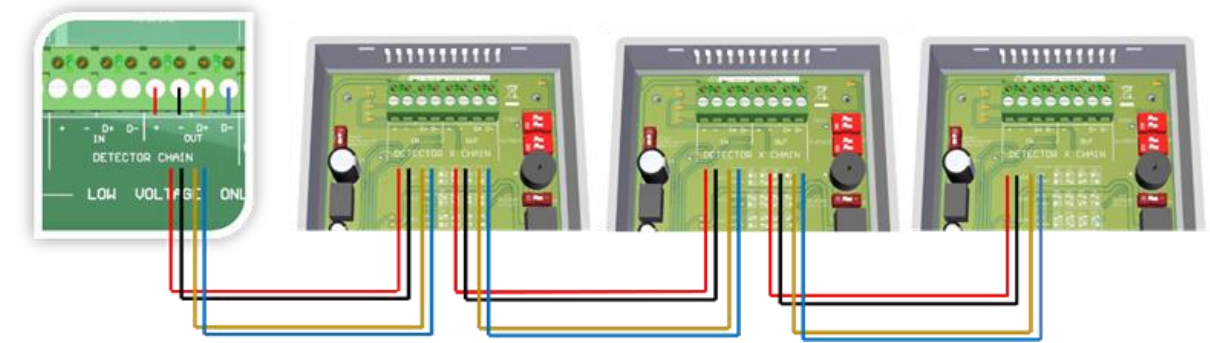
Wiring the Detector

Merlin -X- Systems

12-24V Power and data supply via [DETECTOR X CHAIN] terminal and Merlin GDP-X range terminal [DETECTOR CHAIN]. Detectors can be wired in any configuration [IN/OUT], [IN/IN], [OUT/IN] etc.

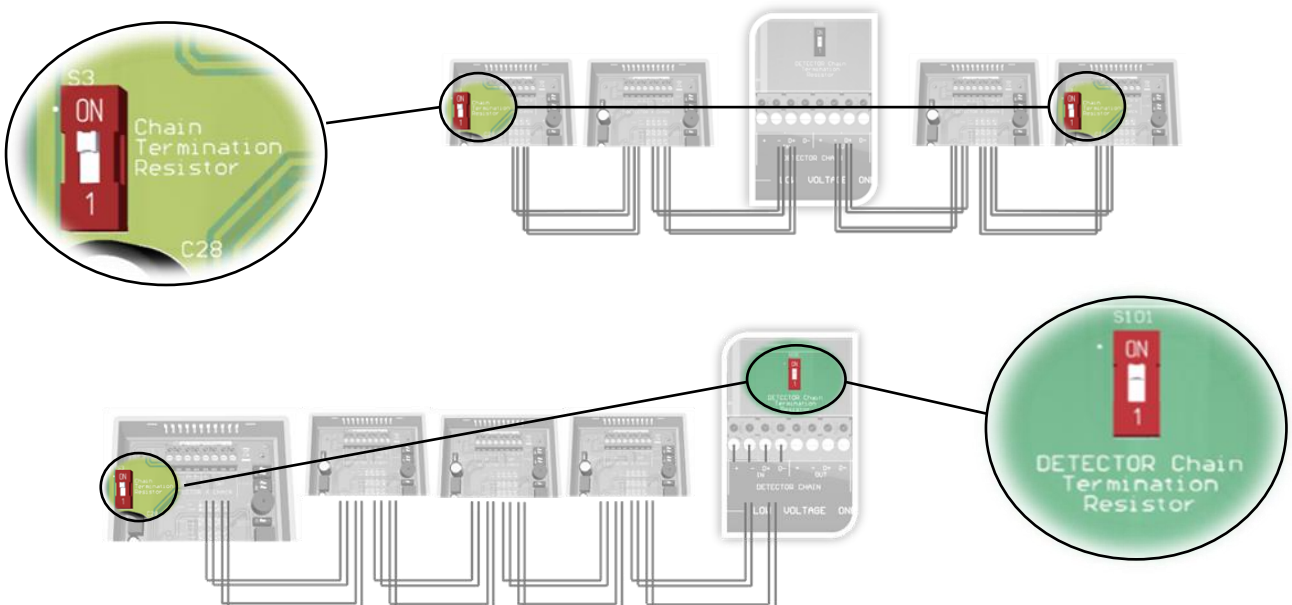


Multiple Detector Chain System - Typical Wiring Example



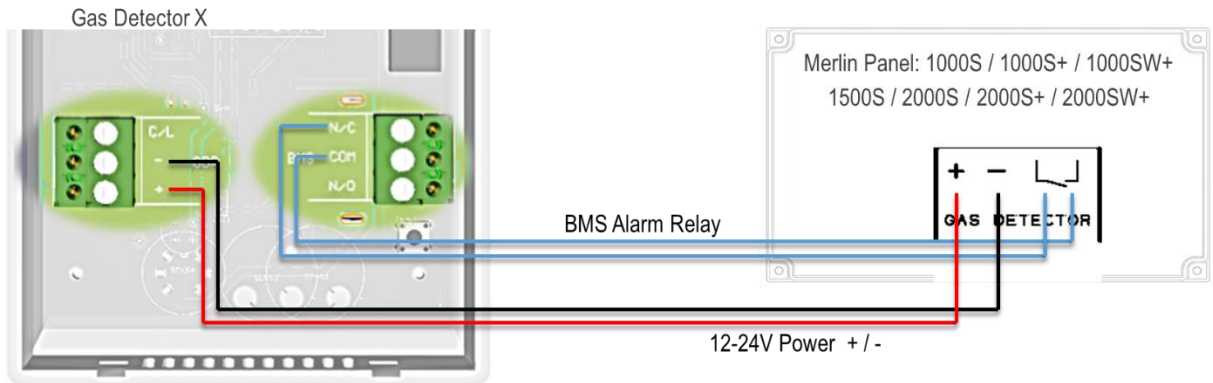
Chain System Termination Switches

⚠ 120ohm Chain Termination Resistor Switch Signal communication issues may occur where the bus length is too long or high baud rates are used. In this instance – terminating at each end of the chain may help the quality of the data signal.



Merlin -S- Systems

12-24V power supply via Power Input [+ -] and 'S' panel [GAS DETECTOR] terminal.

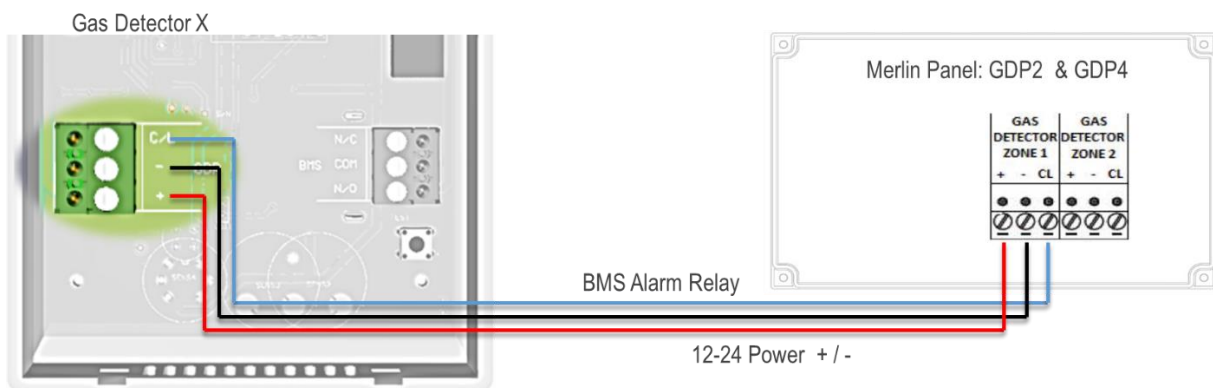


Building Management Systems (BMS)

If you are connecting to 'S' range you will need to use [NC/COM] terminals as an alarm relay. These are volt free connections to building management systems. A relay will change state when in alarm or when gas is detected. BMS terminals can be used in conjunction with other external relays that affect other devices and controls such as purge fans and audible alarms etc.

Merlin -GDP- Systems

12-24V power supply via Power Input [+ / -] and GDP panel [GAS DETECTION ZONE] terminal.



If you are using our 'GDP' range you will need to use the [C/L] terminal as an alarm relay. A relay will change state when in alarm or when gas is detected.

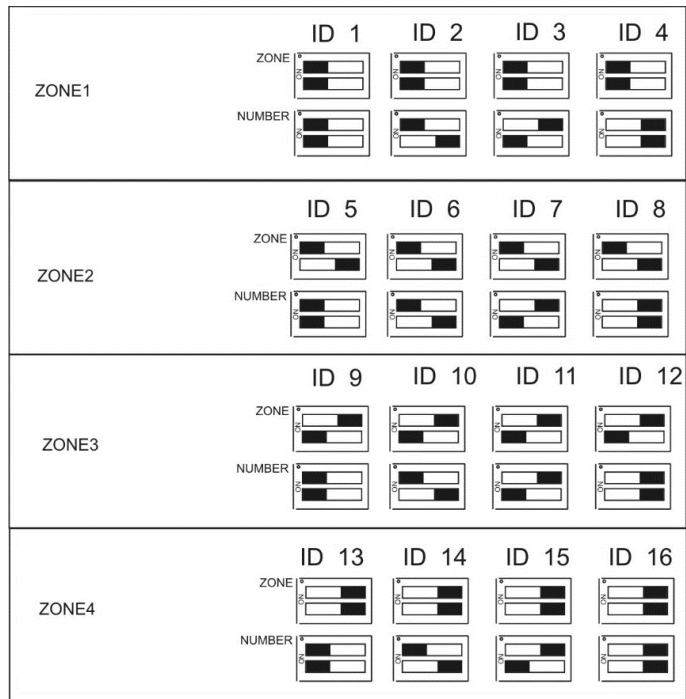
BMS terminals can be used in conjunction with other external relays that affect other devices and controls such as purge fans and audible alarms etc.

X Chain ID Switches



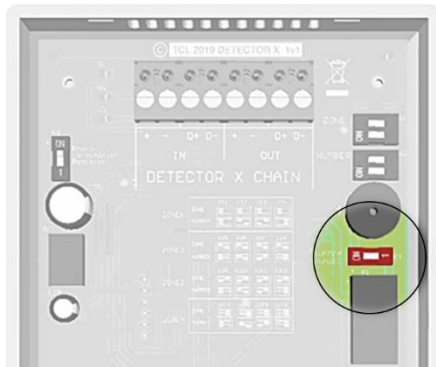
When wiring multiple detectors to the GDP-X range it is important to identify each detector and in which monitoring zone the detector is located - for the GDP-X system to receive and display accurate data.

The diagram opposite shows how to configure switches for each detector and is also printed onto the detector circuit board for quick reference.



For more information - refer to your GDP-X manual.

Audible Alarm Switch



There is a switch on the detector-X board [Buzzer On/Off].

The user can choose whether to have an audible alarm when dangerous gas levels are detected.

The alarm will continuously sound – there are no provisions to silence the alarm, gas levels must drop to a safe value for the alarm to stop.

The buzzer measures approx. 65 dB from a distance of 300mm/1ft (tested in quiet conditions).

Factory Set Condition

Buzzer On/Off Switch	ON – see 'Audible Alarm Switch'.
Chain Termination Resistor	OFF – see 'Chain Wiring Example'.
Detector ID Switches	ID 1 – see 'X Chain ID Switches'.

Trouble Shooting

Fault.	Possible Cause/Correction.
Detector not responding.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Incorrect wiring. o ID switches not properly configured. o Termination switches not set up correctly.
Fault message on screen	o Gas sensor element knocked or damaged.
Service message on screen	o Detector requires service – contact supplier.
End of Life message on screen	o Detector requires replacement – contact supplier,

Specification

Product:	Gas Detector X		
Model:	CO / NG / LPG / H / O2		
Visual Indicators	Green, Yellow & Red Visual Reading Indication Gas Level / Measuring Value / Detector ID No / Detector Serial No End of Life / Sensor Fault / Service		
Display	1.8" TFT – Thin Film Transistor		
Screen Brightness	Non- adjustable		
Initial Stabilisation Time	60 Seconds approx.		
Power Input Voltage	12-24V / 7-30VDC		
Relay Output	0.5A Switching Current (resistive load).		
Consumption	90mA Max (24V)		
Accuracy @ 25°C / 77°F	± 5%		
Fuses	N/A		
Operating Temp	0 – 50°C 30-85%RH Non-Condensing		
Test Conditions	25° ±5°C / 77° ±41°F		
Audible Alarm Buzzer (dB)	65 dB (300mm distance in quiet conditions)		
Gas Sensor Type	NG: Semi-conductor	Measuring Range	NG: 300-10,000 PPM
	LPG: Semi-conductor		LPG: 300-10,000 PPM
	H: Semi-conductor		H: 100-10,000 PPM
	CO: Electro-Chemical		CO: 10-10,000 PPM
	O2: Electro-Chemical		O2: 0-30%
Gas Level Pre- Alarm	NG: 8% LEL	Gas Level Alarm	NG: 10% LEL
	LPG: 8% LEL		LPG: 10% LEL
	H: 8% LEL		H: 10% LEL
	CO: 20 PPM		CO: 30 PPM @ 2 HOURS
	O2: 18.5 – 19.5%		50 PPM @ 1 HOUR
			100 PPM @ 10 MINS
Expected Sensor Life	NG: 10 Years		300 PPM @ 1 MINS
	LPG: 10 Years		O2: < 18.5% / >23%
	H: 10 Years		
	CO: 5 Years		
	O2: 3 Years		
Dimensions (H x W x D)	140 x 95 x 30mm / 5.51 x 3.74 x 1.18"		

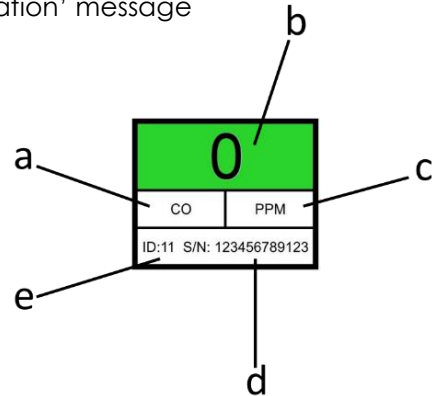
OPERATION

First Power Up

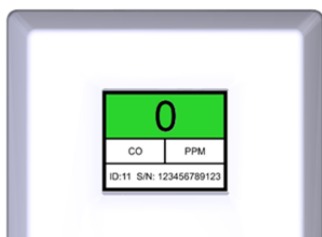
On connecting power, the detector enters 'sensor stabilisation' phase for approximately 60 seconds – during this period the screen will display an 'initialisation' message indicating that the device is not yet ready for gas detection.

When the sensor has stabilised – the screen will display;

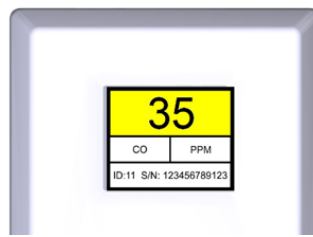
- a. the relevant gas type intended to be detected
- b. detected gas level in the area
- c. the measurement value
- d. the detector unique serial number
- e. the detector ID number



Gas Level Indicators



SAFE
Safe gas levels will be displayed **GREEN**.



ATTENTION!
Low gas levels will be displayed **YELLOW**.



DANGER!
Dangerous gas levels will be displayed **RED**.

⚠

At dangerous gas levels, the alarm will continuously sound if the buzzer dip-switch is ON. There are no provisions to silence this alarm. Only when gas levels are at a safe level will the audible alarm stop.

End of Life Indicator

This message indicates that the detector has reached its expected operational lifecycle. No gas levels will be displayed. Contact your supplier and replace the unit immediately.

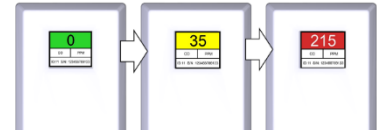


⚠

The expected lifecycle will depend on the type of gas your detector is targeting and may vary depending on environmental conditions.

Testing the System

There is a [TEST] button on the Detector circuit board.
When the test button is pressed and held – the detector will simulate an open circuit to ensure all systems, alarms, indications and other external devices operate as intended.



When the test button is released – test sequence will terminate and return to normal operation.
Remember! - Main systems will need to be reset if conducting a live test!



It is recommended testing your detectors with a calibrated gas.

Service & Maintenance

A service screen will intermittently flash every 30 seconds after one year of service. The detector will still operate as intended during this time.
Contact your supplier immediately.

SERVICE	
NG	LEL%
ID:11 S/N: 123456789123	



It is recommended that detectors are inspected and serviced at least annually from the date of installation for optimum performance and protection due to sensitivity drifts.

Keep your detector in good working order follow these basic principles;

- DO carefully remove any accumulated dust from the outer enclosure once a month.
- NEVER use detergents or solvents to clean your device – this may permanently or temporarily damage the gas sensing elements.
- NEVER spray air fresheners, hair spray, paint or other aerosols near the device.
- NEVER paint the device. Paint will seal vents and interfere with the device.



High concentrations of alcohol found in many products may damage, deteriorate or affect the gas sensing elements – such as; wine; deodorants; stain removers; thinners etc.

Other gases and substances to avoid; Corrosives (i.e. chlorine & hydrogen chloride); Alkali metals; Basic or acidic compounds; Silicones; Tetraethyl lead; Halogens and halogenated compounds.

Bump Testing

What is Bump Testing?

Bump testing is a term used for checking a gas detector is functioning correctly by exposing it to the target gas. A known concentration of the target gas is applied to the device to trigger an alarm condition and ascertain the detector is working safely.

Why is it Important?

A detector may visually appear in good order, but its sensitivity can be inhibited by external factors such as, dust; humidity; temperature fluctuations; cleaning products; contaminants or sensor drift (ageing). All can cause a decline in sensitivity and eventual failure.

The aim of the bump test is to make sure a gas detector is working at its optimum by briefly exposing the unit to a known concentration of the target gas. The reading (if displayed) is compared to the actual content of gas present, as stated on the test gas cylinder and if the detector goes into alarm within an acceptable range of the actual concentration, usually within 10%, then it is working safely.

If the bump test results are not within the acceptable range, the gas detector must not be used until a full calibration has been conducted.

Bump testing has a number of benefits for the end user:

- Peace of mind that the system does actually detect the gas in question.
- Allows the site to practice safe operations in a similar manner to the fire system.
- Early indication of any issues.

How Often?

Regular bump tests are important to make sure the detector is able to detect a release of gas as early as possible. A bump test usually takes seconds (gas type dependant) and is often completed alongside a scheduled fire alarm test, however the frequency should be determined following a risk assessment by the end user.

Current British standards recommend that for new installations - it may be prudent to carry out a bump test frequently (perhaps weekly), following a successful initial period and as confidence grows in the installation concerned, the frequency could be reduced.

Remember, bump testing does not remove the need to have gas detectors inspected, calibrated and serviced periodically by a trained engineer. You should not attempt this yourself and should employ the services of a specialist company.

For more help and advice on bump testing, calibration and service – contact us.

IMPORTANT WARNING STATEMENTS

Please take the time to thoroughly read this user's guide which should be retained for future reference.

The expected lifetime of gas sensor elements is 3-10 years upon initial power up dependant on your target gas and environmental factors.

The device will display a message to indicate this time and should immediately be replaced.

It is recommended that this device be commissioned upon installation and serviced annually.

Do not apply lighter gas or other aerosols to the device – this will cause extreme damage.

High concentrations of alcohol found in many products may damage, deteriorate or affect the gas sensing elements.

This device is designed to detect the gas type displayed on the screen only from any source of combustion or dangerous level. It is NOT designed to detect smoke, fire or other gases and should NOT be used as such.

This device provides early warning of the presence of gas, usually before a healthy adult would experience symptoms. This early warning is possible provided your alarm is located, installed and maintained as described in this guide.

Never ignore your device when in alarm.

This device requires a continual supply of electrical power – it will not work without power.

This device should not be used to substitute proper installation, use and/or maintenance of fuel burning appliances including appropriate ventilation and exhaust systems.

This device does not prevent dangerous gasses from occurring or accumulating.

Actuation of your alarm indicates the presence of dangerous levels of gas.

Seek fresh air supply and contact your local gas emergency service should you suspect a gas leak.

This unit may not fully safeguard individuals with specific medical conditions. If in doubt, consult a doctor/physician.

Your product should reach you in perfect condition, if you suspect it is damaged, contact your supplier.

Manufacturer's Warranty

Three (3) Year Warranty: (CO / NG / LPG / H)

One (1) Year Warranty: (O₂)

Warranty coverage:

The manufacturer warrants to the original consumer purchaser, that this product will be free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of three (3) years from date of purchase or one (1) years for oxygen detectors.

The manufacturer's liability hereunder is limited to replacement of the product with repaired product at the discretion of the manufacture. This warranty is void if the product has been damaged by accident, unreasonable use, neglect, tampering or other causes not arising from defects in material or workmanship. This warranty extends to the original consumer purchaser of the product only.

Warranty disclaimers: Any implied warranties arising out of this sale, including but not limited to the implied warranties of description, merchantability and intended operational purpose, are limited in duration to the above warranty period. In no event shall the manufacturer be liable for loss of use of this product or for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages, or costs, or expenses incurred by the consumer or any other user of this product, whether due to a breach of contract, negligence, strict liability in tort or otherwise. The manufacturer shall have no liability for any personal injury, property damage or any special, incidental, contingent or consequential damage of any kind resulting from gas leakage, fire or explosion. This warranty does not affect your statutory rights.

Warranty Performance: During the above warranty period, your product will be replaced with a comparable product if the defective product is returned together with proof of purchase date. The replacement product will be in warranty for the remainder of the original warranty period or for six months – whichever is the greatest.

Information on waste disposal for consumers of electrical & electronic equipment.



When this product has reached the end of its life it must be treated as Waste Electrical & Electronics Equipment (WEEE). Any WEEE marked products must not be mixed with general household waste, but kept separate for the treatment, recovery and recycling of the materials used. Please contact your supplier or local authority for details of recycling schemes in your area.

NOTES

NOTES

Installation Details

Please pass this manual to the system owner / user.

Date of Installation:	
Installation Location:	
Organisation:	
Stamp/ Signature of the installer:	
Replacement Date:	

S&S Northern Head Office

Tel: +44(0) 1257 470 983
Fax: +44(0) 1257 471 937
www.snsnorthern.com
info@snsnorthern.com

South East Division

Tel: +44(0) 1702 291 725
Fax: +44(0) 1702 299 148
south@snsnorthern.com



S&S Northern is the owner of this document and reserves all rights of modification without prior notice.