

Merlin GM 150



INSTALLATION & OPERATION

Please read these instructions carefully before use and retain for future reference.

These instructions can also be downloaded in electronic form on the product website.

For specific requirements that may deviate from these instructions – contact your supplier.

snsnorthern.com

Contents

Important Information	4
Copyrights	4
Manufacturer's Warranty	4
Disposing of Electrical & Electronic Equipment (WEEE)	4
Revisions	4
Safety Statements	4
Introduction	5
General Description	5
Key Features	5
Applications	6
Appearance	7
Replacement Parts List	7
Technical Specifications	8
Sensor Specifications	9
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	9
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂)	9
Methane / Hydrogen / Propane, Butane (CH ₄ / H ₂ / LPG)	9
O ₂ Oxygen	10
Sensor Warnings	11
Installation	12
General Safety Cautions	12
EMI and RF Interference Considerations	12
Coverage	12
Positioning	13
Mounting Instructions	14
Circuit Board Overview	15
Main PCB	16
Power & Digital RS485 Wiring	17
Analog Output Wiring	18
Power & Relay PCB	19
Operation	20
Initial power-up	20
LED Indication Status	20
User Button Functions	21
Manual Override	21

Temperature Alarm	22
Access Configuration Menu	22
Configuration List & Parameters	23
Default Sensor Alarms	25
GM151 With Particulate Matter Sensor	26
End Of Life (Replace) Indication.....	26
Commissioning	27
Overview	27
Alarm Test.....	28
Maintenance	28
Service Reminder	28
Reset Service Reminder	28
Cleaning the Equipment	28
Replace or Disable Gas Sensor S1 or S2	29
Calibration	31
General Safety Statements	31
Zero Correction	31
CO2 Calibration ONLY	33
Calibration Procedure.....	33
System Bump Test	35
General information.....	35
Bump Test Procedure	36
Trouble Shooting.....	36
Fault Indications	36
Additional Information	37
Sensor Principle - Electrochemical.....	37
Sensor Principle - Catalytic	37
BACnet Functionality	38
Modbus Functionality	48

Important Information

Copyrights

This manual is subject to copyright protection; all rights are reserved. Under international and domestic copyright laws, this manual may not be copied or translated, in whole or in part, in any manner or format, without the written permission of **SNS Northern**.

Manufacturer's Warranty

The manufacturer warrants to the original consumer purchaser, that this product will be free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of **3 years** from the date of purchase.

The manufacturer's liability hereunder is limited to replacement of the product with repaired product at the discretion of the manufacturer. This warranty is void if the product has been damaged by accident, unreasonable use, neglect, tampering or other causes not arising from defects in material or workmanship. This warranty extends to the original consumer purchaser of the product only. Any implied warranties arising out of this sale, including but not limited to the implied warranties of description, merchantability and intended operational purpose, are limited in duration to the above warranty period. In no event shall the manufacturer be liable for loss of use of this product or for any indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages, or costs, or expenses incurred by the consumer or any other user of this product, whether due to a breach of contract, negligence, strict liability in tort or otherwise. The manufacturer shall have no liability for any personal injury, property damage or any special, incidental, contingent, or consequential damage of any kind resulting from gas leakage, fire, or explosion. This warranty does not affect your statutory rights.

During the above warranty period, your product will be replaced with a comparable product if the defective product is returned together with proof of purchase date. The replacement product will be in warranty for the remainder of the original warranty period or for six months – whichever is the greatest.

Disposing of Electrical & Electronic Equipment (WEEE)


When this product has reached the end of its life it must be treated as Waste Electrical & Electronics Equipment (WEEE). Any WEEE marked products must not be mixed with general household waste, but kept separate for the treatment, recovery and recycling of the materials used.

Please contact your supplier or local authority for details of recycling schemes in your area.

Revisions

Every effort is made to ensure the accuracy of this document; however, S&S can assume no responsibility for any errors or omissions in this document or their consequences. S&S would greatly appreciate being informed of any errors or omissions that may be found in the content of this document. For information not covered in this document, or if there is a requirement to send comments/corrections, please contact S&S using the contact details given below.

Safety Statements

 Take extra care where this symbol is used throughout this document to understand the nature of potential hazards and how to avoid them.

Introduction

General Description

This equipment will monitor the quality of air, keeping users safe by providing warning alarms and on-demand ventilation. The GM is factory-calibrated and can monitor up to two different gases simultaneously as well as particulate matter PM monitoring. The equipment can be powered from an AC/DC power supply and will operate as a standalone unit, be connected to a control panel or be connected direct to other 3rd party devices capable of accepting digital and/or analogue outputs, such as a Building Management System (BMS). The equipment features two alarm levels, a selectable audible alarm, LED status and LCD display indicating power, alarm status, gas type, concentration, measurement, address, and fault conditions. Plug-and-play modular assembly allows for replaceable smart gas sensor modules. On delivery, the equipment is calibrated at ambient, normal conditions and configured for the specified gas, measuring range and alarms.

For any further information and technical support, contact your supplier.

Key Features

- ✓ Single, Dual channel operation.
- ✓ 100~240VAC & 24V AC/DC power supply input.
- ✓ Optional Particulate Matter PM sensor
- ✓ Factory calibrated field replaceable sensor modules.
- ✓ Two analog output signals in the range of voltage or current loop principle.
- ✓ One relay signal (1A)
- ✓ 2*Latching Relays (RYL 1 & RYL2) / 8A @ 230V.
- ✓ Digital RS485 communication – Modbus RTU or BACnet MS/TP – field selectable.
- ✓ Strong anti-interference circuit boards and RoHS compliant.
- ✓ Standard corrosion resistant enclosure

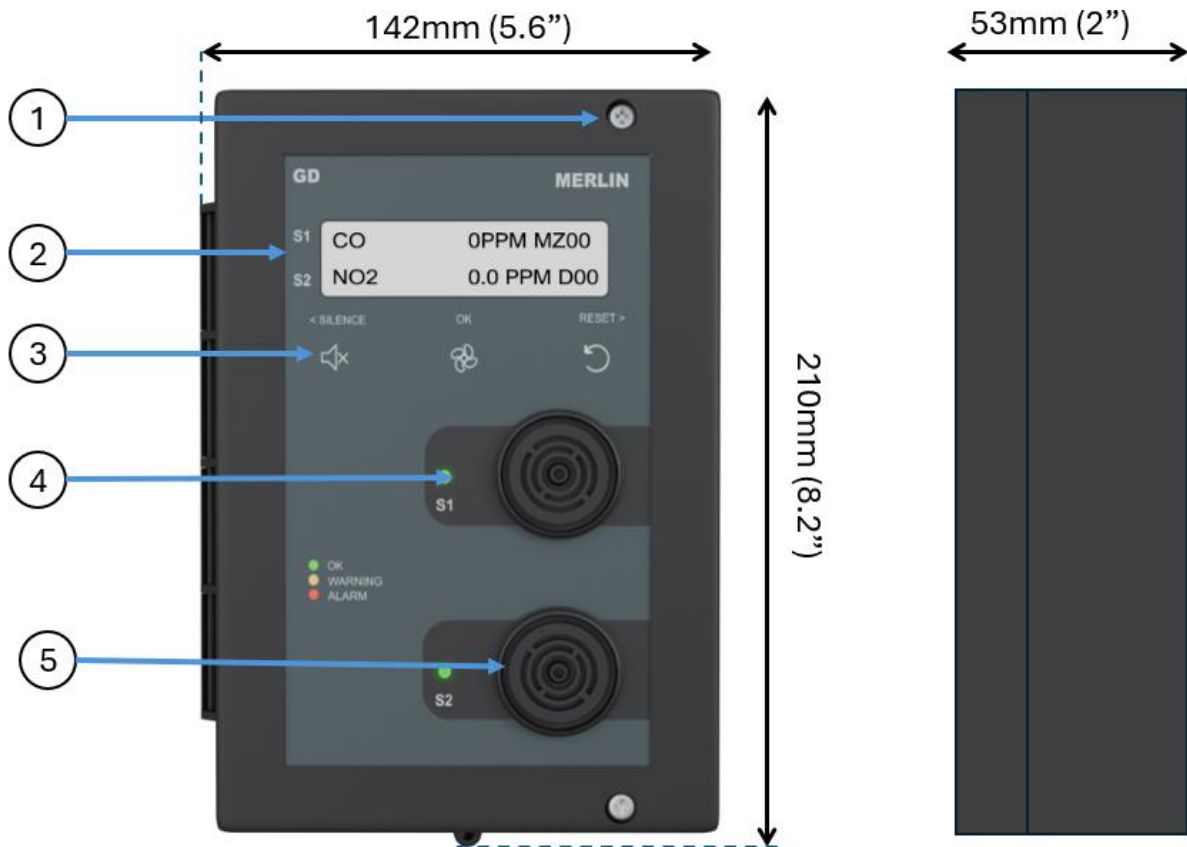
The equipment can be used indoors or in covered outdoor locations. If used outdoors, choose a sheltered location which is protected from direct sunlight, rain, and other extreme conditions.

Applications

The Equipment can be installed in Residential, Commercial and Light Industrial applications.

Vehicle Emissions: CO, NO2	
GM150-CO GM150-NO2 GM150-CO-NO2 GM150-CO-NO2R R = Remote sensor	Enclosed parking garages Ambulance bays Automotive maintenance facilities Boiler rooms Fire stations Loading docks Truck maintenance facilities Warehouse
Air Quality: PM Particulate Matter (Outdoor covered locations)	
GM151-X-X Model number GM151 includes a particulate matter (PM) sensor. 0-1000 µg/m3 Monitoring the concentration of particulate matter (PM)	Enclosed parking garages, Construction Dust Natural Dust Storms
Indoor Air Quality: CO2	
GM150-CO2 0-4% VOL - Monitoring of high CO2 concentrations	Breweries Compressor rooms Greenhouses Indoor grow farms Mechanical rooms Medical gas storage
GM150-CO2-PPM 400-5000 ppm – General air quality	Residential Classrooms Conference rooms Warehouses
Combustible and Toxic Gases: CH4, H2, O2, LPG	
GM150-CH4	Landfills Natural gas leaks
GM150-H2	Warehouses (H2) Battery Charging (H2)
GM150-O2	Medical Gas Storage Welding Facilities Laboratories

Appearance



1	2 * M4x20mm	PH securing screws
2	LCD Display	Gas Type / Concentration / Unit / ID
3	User Buttons	Silence audible buzzer / Reset alarm / Override / Navigate menu
4	LED Status Indication	Power-OK / Fault-Warning / Alarm / Calibration
5	Gas Sensor Opening	Allows diffusion monitoring of air and gas

Replacement Parts List

Part Number	Item
GDM-CO	CO: Carbon Monoxide Sensor
GDM-NO2	NO2: Nitrogen Dioxide Sensor
GDM-CH4	CH4: Methane (Natural Town Gas) %LEL
GDM-H2	H2: Hydrogen %LEL
GDM-O2	O2: Oxygen % VOL
GDM-CO2	CO2: Carbon Dioxide % VOL
GDM-CO2-PPM	CO2: Carbon Dioxide PPM

Technical Specifications

Mechanical

Material	ABS Flame Retardant UL94 V0
Height	8.2" (210mm)
Width	5.6" (142mm)
Depth	2" (53mm)
Weight	350g / 12.5 oz

Electrical

Voltage	100~240VAC & 24V AC/DC
Power	20W Max full load
Wiring (RS485)	127 Units

IO

Digital Output x1	Modbus RTU or BACnet MS/TP (field selectable)
Signal Relay Output x1	1A, 60VDC
Analog Outputs x2	0/4-20mA or 0/2-10V (field selectable)
Relay 1 & 2	Latching Relays (RYL 1 & RYL2) / 8A @ 230V

Environmental

Operating Temperature	-4° to 122°F (-20° to 50°C)
Humidity	15 to 90% RH (continuous) 0-99% (intermittent) non-condensing.
Atmospheric Pressure	6561ft (2000m)
Installation Category	II
Pollution Degree	3

User Interface

LED Indications x2	Power, Alarm Low, Alarm High, Fault, Calibration
Audible Alarm x1	>85dB
Button(s) x3	Silence Alarm / Reset Unit / Manual Override
Language	English

Certification/Conformance

Safety	UL/CSA/IEC/EN/BS 61010-1
Electromagnetic Compatibility	Directive 2014/30/EU / Regulation 2016 / EN 50270
FCC	This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules, Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
Gas Performance	UL 2075 (CO and NO ₂)

Sensor Specifications

Carbon Monoxide (CO)

Type	Electrochemical
Measuring Range	0-250ppm
Response (t90)	<30s
Resolution	1ppm
Stability / Year	<5%
Expected Lifecycle	6 years in clean air and regular maintenance.
Calibration	Every 6, 12 or 18-months dependant on application and climate.
Cross Sensitivity	Available on request
Repeatability	< ±3%
Deadband	≤ 3ppm
Accuracy	5% of applied concentration following correct calibration.

Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂)

Type	Electrochemical
Measuring Range	0-10ppm
Response (t90)	<50s
Resolution	0.1ppm
Stability / Year	<20%
Expected Lifecycle	2 years in clean air and regular maintenance.
Calibration	Every 6, 12 or 18-months dependant on application and climate.
Cross Sensitivity	Available on request
Repeatability	< ±2%
Deadband	≤ 0.2ppm
Accuracy	5% of applied concentration following correct calibration.

Methane / Hydrogen / Propane, Butane (CH₄ / H₂ / LPG)

Type	Catalytic
Measuring Range	0-100% LEL (Lower Explosive Limit)
Response (t90)	<60s
Resolution	0.1%
Stability / Year	<20%
Expected Lifecycle	10 years in clean air and regular maintenance.
Calibration	Every 6, 12 or 18-months dependant on application and climate.
Cross Sensitivity	Sensitive to Hydrogen, LP (iso-butane) gas and organic vapours
Repeatability	< ±10%
Deadband	≤ 2.5 %LEL
Accuracy	10% of applied concentration following correct calibration.

Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Type	Photoacoustic NDIR Sensor
Measuring Range	GM150-CO2: 0.1 – 4 % VOL GM150-CO2-PPM: 400ppm – 5000ppm
Response (t90)	<60s
Resolution	GM150-CO2: 0.1 % VOL GM150-CO2-PPM: 1 ppm
Expected Lifecycle	>10 years
Calibration	Selectable Automatic Background Calibration / Manual Calibration every 6 to 12 Months
Repeatability	±10ppm
Accuracy	±(30 ppm + 3% of reading)

O₂ Oxygen


Type	Electrochemical
Measuring Range	0-25% Oxygen
Response (t90)	<10 seconds
Resolution	0.1%
Maximum Overload	30% Oxygen
Stability / Year	5% over operating life
Expected Lifecycle	5 years
Calibration	Every 12 months
Deadband	21.5 ~ 20.7 % will be displayed as 21.0%

Sensor Warnings

- ⚠ Response time (t90) may increase when operating in lower temperature conditions.
- ⚠ All figures are valid over the temperature range -20°C to 50°C (-4 to 122°F)
- ⚠ If not used in accordance with these instructions, the safety of the equipment may be impaired.
- ⚠ Do not use in classified hazardous areas (explosion rated environments).
- ⚠ The equipment is shipped pre-calibrated to traceable standards and set to a factory condition.
- ⚠ It is recommended that this equipment be commissioned upon installation.
- ⚠ Concentrations of alcohol found in many products may damage, deteriorate, or affect gas readings.
- ⚠ The equipment is not designed to detect smoke, fire or other gases not specified.
- ⚠ Never ignore the equipment when in alarm or special state condition.
- ⚠ The equipment should not be used to substitute proper installation, use and/or maintenance of fuel burning appliances including appropriate ventilation and exhaust systems.
- ⚠ Multiple detectors may be required to adequately protect property and persons.
- ⚠ The equipment does not prevent dangerous gasses from occurring or accumulating.
- ⚠ Seek fresh air supply and contact your local gas emergency service should you suspect a gas leak.
- ⚠ This equipment may not fully safeguard individuals with specific medical conditions. If in doubt, consult a doctor/physician.
- ⚠ Do not apply lighter gas or other aerosols to the equipment – this may cause extreme damage.
- ⚠ Avoid environmental conditions outside of this specification that could potentially impede the accuracy and operation of the equipment such as condensation; vibration; temperature, pressure, the presence of other gases, electromagnetic interference, and draft zones.
- ⚠ The audible alarm will only sound if the buzzer switch is turned on.
- ⚠ Following over or under range indications, recalibrate the sensor to ensure continued accuracy.
- ⚠ Calibrate upon installation if in non-ambient conditions (i.e., extreme temperature or humidity).
- ⚠ The gas diffusion path can become occluded (moisture, dust, debris, frozen condensation) over time resulting in reduced or complete lack of gas detection and alarming function. Routine visual inspection of the gas detector and bump testing are suggested to ensure proper gas detection and alarm function.
- ⚠ Use only genuine parts and accessories. Failure to comply may impair the operation of the product and void the warranty.

Installation

General Safety Cautions

 Failure to observe the following may cause injury to persons and/or property.

Installation must be carried out by a licenced and insured contractor and installed in areas at risk of gas leaks and higher concentrated areas e.g., near boilers, valves, or areas of critical protection, located in positions determined by those who have knowledge of gas dispersion, the process plant system and equipment involved, and in consultation with both safety and electrical engineering personnel.

Final positioning of gas detectors should be indicated by the characteristics of the gas being detected and other environmental factors. Seek advice where necessary. Take in to account the design of the air flow patterns within the area, sensors should be installed in the correct orientation as per the manufacturer's specification, and ease of access should be accounted for to allow for any forms of maintenance throughout its operational life.

Installation must be in accordance with the recognized standards of the appropriate authority in the country concerned. For Europe, see EN 60079-29-2, EN 62990-2 and/or EN44554-4. For installations in North America, the National Electrical Code (NFPA 70) should be strictly observed. All appropriate local and national regulations should be observed.

EMI and RF Interference Considerations

All electronic devices are susceptible to EMI (Electromagnetic Interference) and RFI (Radio Frequency Interference). Our products are designed to reduce the effects of these interferences. However, there are still circumstances and levels of interference that may cause the equipment to respond to these interferences.

Reduce the possibility by:

- Avoiding installation locations near high foot traffic and high energy equipment.
- Confirming equipment is properly grounded if required and shielded cabling.

Coverage

50ft radius per detector is a reasonable guide, therefore multiple detectors may be required to adequately protect property and persons. However, coverage should be determined by those who have knowledge of gas dispersion, target gas characteristics, the environment, process plant system(s) and intended functions etc., and in consultation with both safety and electrical engineering personnel.

Positioning

There are no specific standards governing gas detector locations (unlike fire detection systems); there are, however, general guidance documents. The most relevant being *IEC 60079-29-2*. Much of what it covers is also relevant to toxic gas & oxygen monitoring equipment. Recommended heights may vary based on air flow and other environmental conditions in addition to the proposed application, location, and target gas.

The composition of the target gas and its density relative to air are used as the basis for the recommended height of sensors.

Generally, the installation height of a sensor for a heavy gas (e.g., LPG) would be close to the lowest point in the area, and for a light gas (such as methane or hydrogen) would be close to the highest point in the area.

These typical heights may vary based on application.

Target Gas	Typical Install Height
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	Breathing Zone – 4 - 6ft from ground level.
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂)	Breathing Zone or, Low Level - 1ft from ground level.
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	Breathing Zone - 1700mm (5ft 6") from ground level
Natural Gas (NG) / Methane (CH ₄)	High Level - 300mm (1ft) from ceiling
Propane / Butane (LPG)	Low Level - 300mm (1ft) from ground level
Hydrogen (H ₂)	High Level - 300mm (1ft) from ceiling
Oxygen (O ₂)	Breathing Zone – 4 - 6ft from ground level.

Observe the following also.

- Ease of access to the equipment for functional testing and servicing.
- How gas may behave due to natural or forced air currents.
- Any regulation/standard/code that locations are bound by.

Mounting Instructions

- ⚠ Position at a location with minimum noise, vibration, and environmental variation.
- ⚠ Damage when creating entry points or attempting to remove the circuit board may void any warranty.
- ⚠ Avoid environmental conditions outside of this specification that could potentially impede the accuracy and operation of the equipment such as condensation; vibration; temperature, pressure, the presence of other gases, electromagnetic interference, and draft zones.

1. Carefully remove the front cover from the unit by using a Philips screwdriver.
2. The enclosure base has 8 optional mounting screw positions, as shown below.
3. Fixing straight to wall – drill 0.2” (5mm) holes, insert plugs and use the four screws (No.4 Pozi) provided.
4. There are 5x pre-fractured knockouts for cable entry on the rear of the base and 2x knockouts on the top and bottom.
5. After executing the mounting/connections – secure the front cover with all bolts and insert the security caps provided.

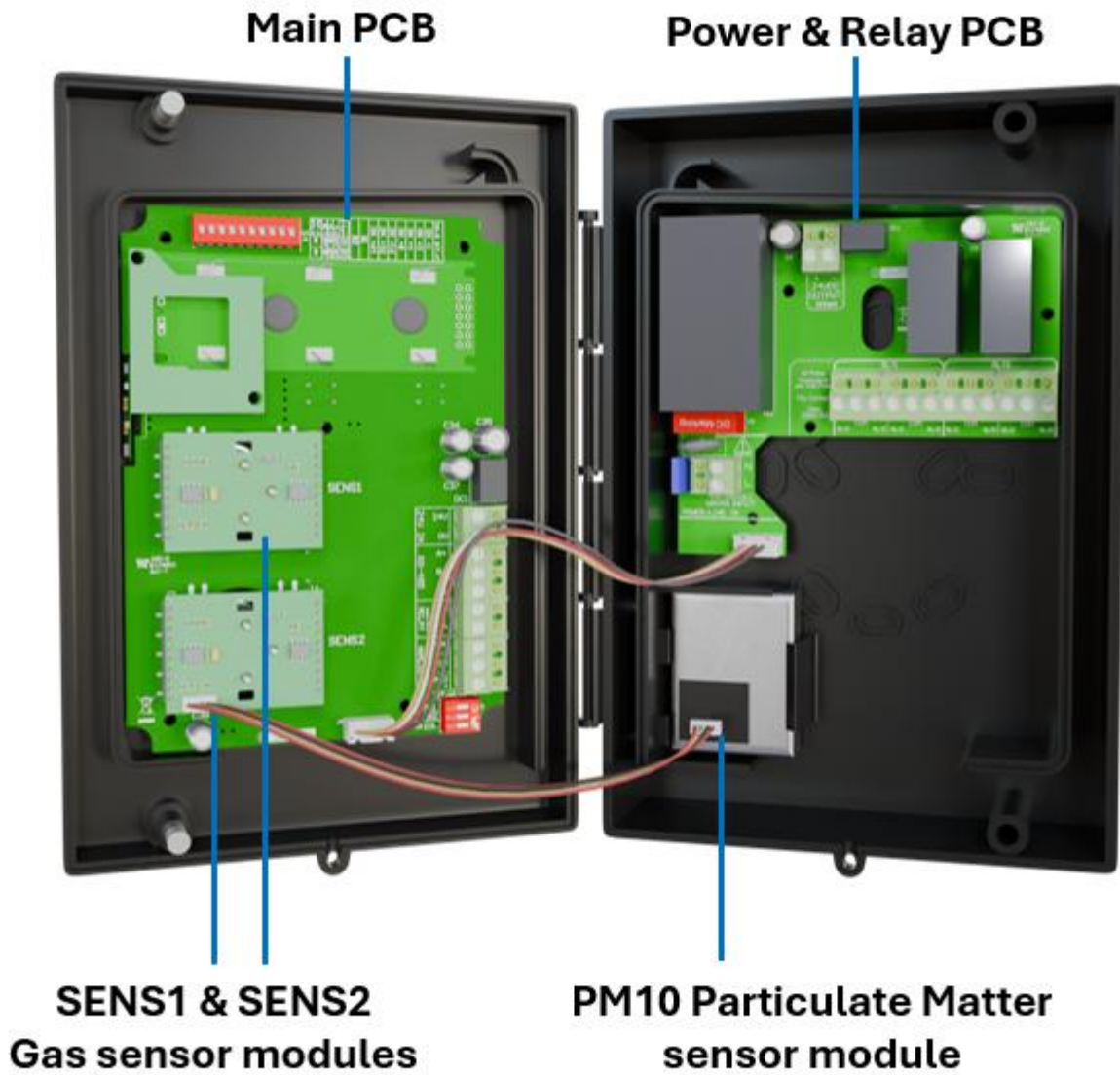


Mounting holes

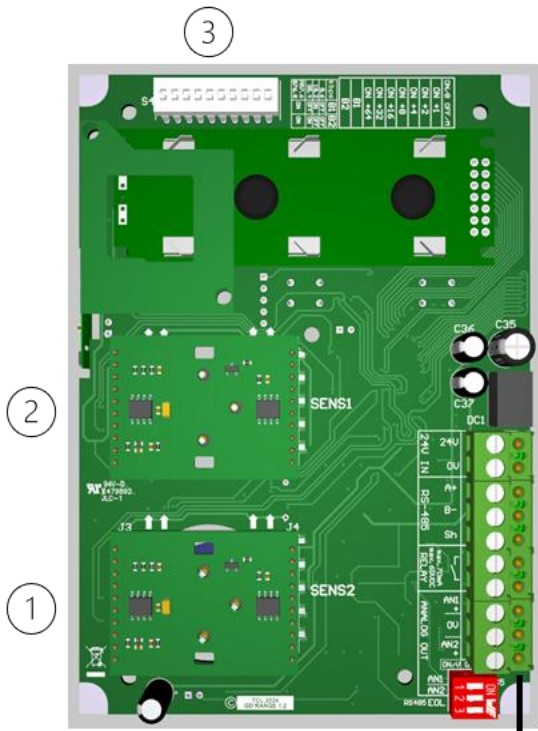


Conduit Knockouts

Circuit Board Overview

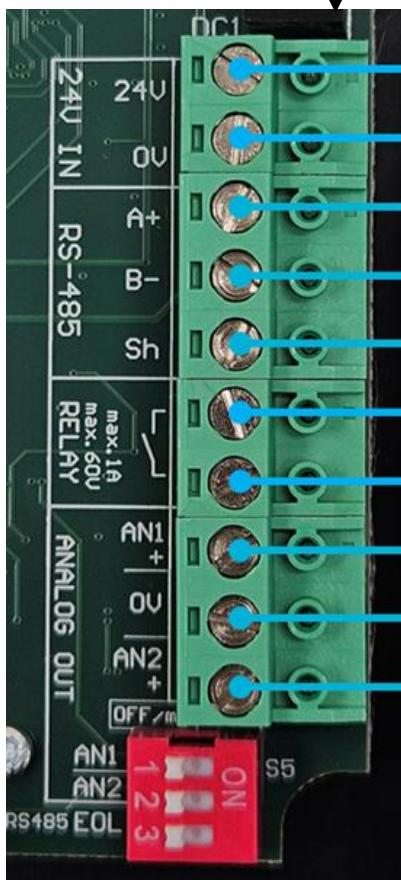


Main PCB



1. S2 Gas Sensor - Replaceable module
2. S1 Gas Sensor - Replaceable module
3. RS485 Configuration dip-switches
Protocol / Network Address / Baud Rate
4. 3-Way Dip-switch
 - AN1 & AN2 Voltage or Current Output
 - RS485 120ohm Termination Resistor

4



- Power Input 12-32V AC/DC (Nominal 24V)
- RS-485 Digital Output Modbus RTU or BACnet MS/TP
 +
 -
 Sh
See: Power & Digital RS485 Wiring for details
- Signal Relay Output 1A, 60V max
- AN1 & AN2 Analog Output (mA or V)
See: Analog output wiring for details

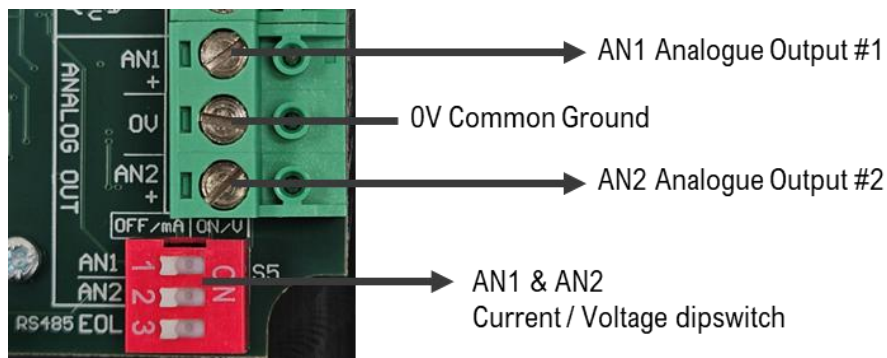
Switch	Function	Label	Parameter
1	RS485 Selection	OFF/M ON/B	Off/M: Modbus RTU / On/B: BACnet MS/TP
2~8	Slave ID	-	Achieved by adding binary switch values together. Example #4 ON + #16 ON = ID: 20. (Max. 127)
9~10	Baud Rate	B1 / B2	On/Off configuration achieves either. 9600, 19200, 38400 or 57600 (Modbus) / 76800 (BACnet)

Analog Output Wiring

⚠ Outputs are scaled to the high alarm concentration level.

Two linear voltage or current output terminals are available and often used to regulate external fan speed controllers. The AN1 & AN2 dipswitch will change from 4-20mA to 2-10V. The output is scaled to the Alarm H (high) setpoint, and the gas closest to the Alarm H will take priority and drive the speed (default).

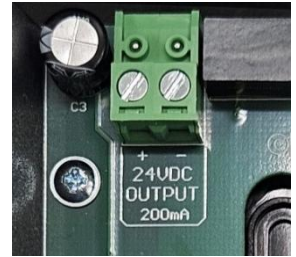
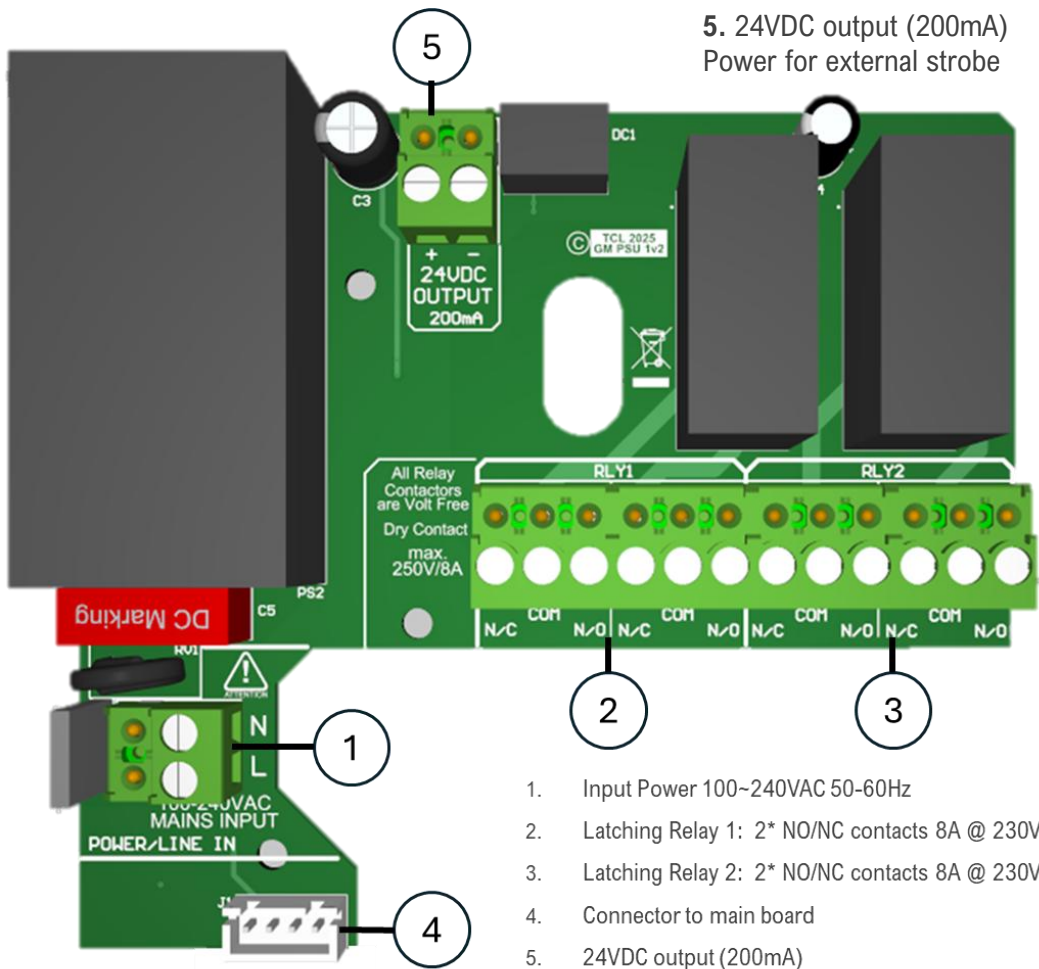
Configure dipswitches to select current (OFF) or voltage (ON) for each output (AN1 and AN2).



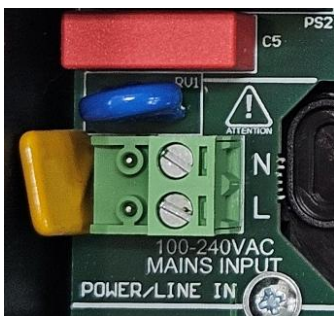
Gas Concentration to High Alarm Level (See section: Configuration List)

	0-100%		20-100%	
0%	0v	0mA	2v	4mA
100%	10v	20mA	10v	20mA

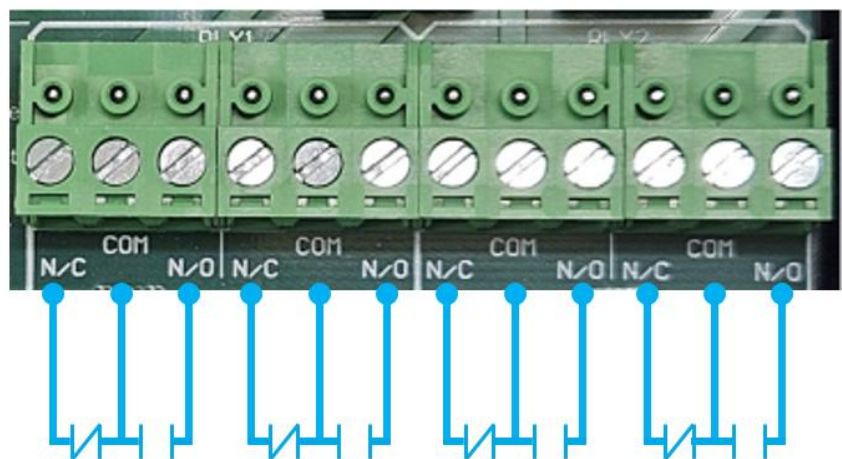
Power & Relay PCB



1. Input Power 100~240VAC 50-60Hz
2. Latching Relay 1: 2* NO/NC contacts 8A @ 230V
3. Latching Relay 2: 2* NO/NC contacts 8A @ 230V
4. Connector to main board
5. 24VDC output (200mA)



1. Power Input
100~240VAC 50-60Hz



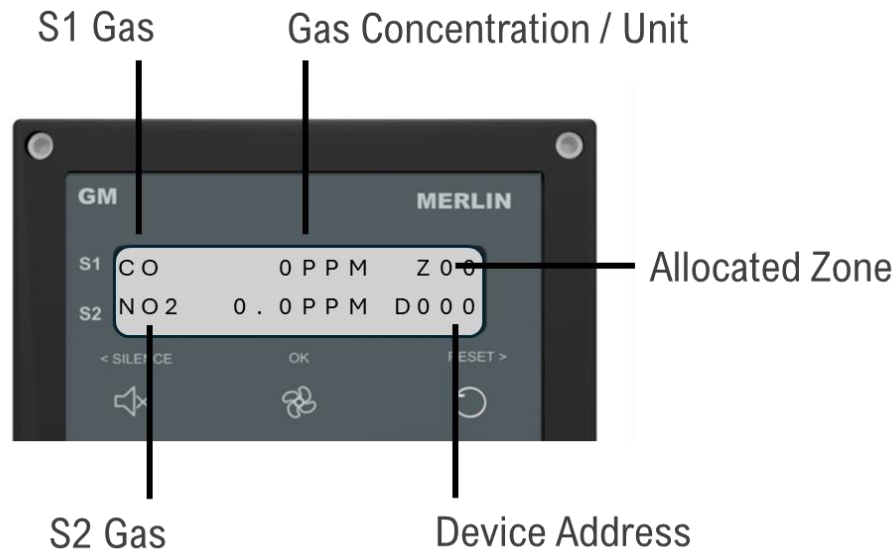
2. RLY 1
2 *NO/NC contacts 8A @ 230V

3. RLY 2
2* NO/NC contacts 8A @ 230V

Operation

Initial power-up

- ⚠ Before leaving the instrument for normal operation, check configuration for proper settings.
- ⚠ Allow the equipment to stabilise for at least 2 hours upon power up. The following gas types require 48 hours of continuous powering to reach full accuracy: Methane (CH₄) Nat Gas / Hydrogen (H₂) / Butane / Propane (LPG).
- ⚠ During initial powering, the device will go through a 60s start-up count-down sequence. Once initialized, normal/measuring mode will be displayed.



LED Indication Status




Low Gas Alarm
In low alarm the red LED will blink



High Gas Alarm
In High alarm the red LED will be solid and display will turn Red.

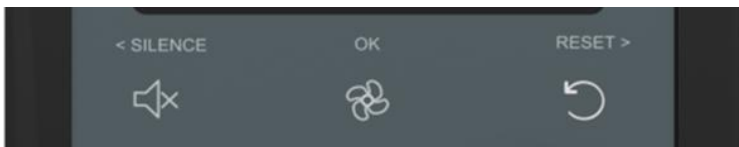
Visual indication of the gas detector status is provided by a single RGB colour LED. Detector condition and corresponding outputs are shown below (as **factory set condition**).

Condition	LED	Description	Buzzer	1A Relay
Warm-up		Green LED Blink	OFF	-
Normal		Green LED On	OFF	-
Alarm Low		Red LED Blink	BEEP (*Default OFF)	-
Alarm High		Red LED On	ON (*Default OFF)	ON
Fault		Yellow On	BEEP (*Default OFF)	-
Cal. Ready		Blue LED Blink	OFF	-
Cal. OK		Blue/Green Blink	BEEP (*Default OFF)	-
Cal. Fail		Blue/Yellow Blink	BEEP (*Default OFF)	-

IMPORTANT: * Buzzer is OFF as default and can be turned on from the configuration menu.

User Button Functions

User interaction with the detectors is accomplished using accessible buttons on the fascia.



Button	Description
< SILENCE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Silence the audible alarm. - Toggle left.
OK	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Manual Override. - Confirm selection. - Toggle Centre
RESET >	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Toggle right / Reset Latching Relays (Rly 1 & Rly 2)
< SILENCE & RESET >	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Hold to prompt Configuration Menu

Manual Override

Blinking M = Manual Fan Override



Press [OK] for 5s to activate manual override.
 Press < > to select the override time (minutes).
 Press < > to select if the signal relay is included

Analog outputs will drive at 100% for the selected time. The signal relay will be activated if selected.

'M' will blink on the equipment for the duration of the override.
 To cancel the override, press [OK] for 5 secs and select 0 minutes.

Temperature Alarm

Blinking T = Temperature Alarm



If the temperature alarms are set to ON, a 'T' indication will blink on the display. There are no output changes, but configurations can be made over a network. This is an indication only; ambient temperatures should be measured and the unit calibrated to match. It may take up to 6 hours energised to stabilise temperature readings.

The temperature alarm can be configured from the display or digital communications to activate relay 1 or 2.

Access Configuration Menu

1. To enter the settings menu, hold the <SILENCE & RESET> buttons for 5 sec.
2. Use all 3 buttons to scroll through numbers (0-9) and **Enter Code 753**.
3. Hold the OK button for 3s to accept the code and enter the menu.

(Toggle using < > to access CALIBRATION or REPLACE (see Maintenance section))

4. In the configuration menu, use < > to toggle between functions and OK to select/confirm changes.
5. If adjustments are made, select [SAVE/EXIT/R] and select [SAVE & EXIT].

Configuration List & Parameters

No	Display Text	Parameter	Default	Description
01	S1: ALARM L	See section: Default Sensor Alarms		Sensor 1: Low alarm setpoint (Pre-alarm)
02	S1: ALARM H			Sensor 1: High alarm setpoint (Main alarm)
03	S2: ALARM L			Sensor 2: Low alarm setpoint (Pre-alarm)
04	S2: ALARM H			Sensor 2: High alarm setpoint (Main alarm)
05	AL H DELAY	0- 30 seconds	02	Set acknowledgement time for the high alarm to avoid false readings
06	ZONE NUMBER	0-10	00	Set Zone number (if required).
07	SIG RLY AL	L / H	H	Signal alarm relay to [L] or [H] alarm
08	SIG RLY POL	NO / NC	NC	Relay polarity, normally open (NO) or normally closed (NC)
09	TEMP UNIT	°C / °F	°F	Select °C / °F
10	TEMP ADJ	-9° / +9°	0°	Offset temperature value by maximum ± 9°
11	TEMP AL HIGH	ON / OFF / RLY1 / RLY2	OFF	Turn ON/OFF the temperature high alarm in digital comms and display. RLY1 and RLY2 will activate the relays
12	TEMP AL H SET	77- 104° F (25- 40°C)	104° F	Set the temperature high alarm setpoint. Enabled if TEMP AL HIGH is ON.
13	TEMP AL LOW	ON / OFF / RLY1 / RLY2	OFF	Turn ON/OFF the temperature high alarm in digital comms and display. RLY1 and RLY2 will activate the relays
14	TEMP AL LOW SET	32- 59° F (0- 15°C)	32° F	Set the temperature low alarm setpoint. Enabled if TEMP AL LOW is ON.
15	DEADBAND	ON / OFF	ON	Gas readings hovering around zero are displayed as zero.
16	BUZZER	ON / OFF	OFF	Audible buzzer upon AL H condition.
17	SERVICE MSG	OFF / 6/12/18	12	Calibration/Service Reminder.
18	RYL1 ALARM	S1 AL L / S1 AL H S2 AL L / S2 AL H AL L / AL H	AL L	Select when the Relay activates L = Low alarm set point (Pre-alarm) H = High alarm set point (Main alarm) If S1/S2 is not selected, it will be whichever one alarms first.
19	RYL 1 LATCH	ON/OFF	OFF	ON: Unit must be manually reset following activation.
20	RYL 1 AL RUN	MINS 1-30	MINS 05	Time relay remains active upon alarm condition if RYL1 LATCH is OFF, and gas concentrations drop below Alarm threshold.

21	RYL1 M O-RIDE	YES/NO	YES	Manual Override enabled. (Fascia OK Button).
22	RYL1 POL	N/C - N/O	N/O	N/C: relay is energised during normal operation, de-energised when alarm detected, or power is lost. (failsafe) N/O: relay is de-energised during normal operation
23	RYL 2 ALARM	S1 AL L / S1 AL H S2 AL L / S2 AL H AL L / AL H	AL H	Select when the Relay activates L = Low alarm set point (Pre-alarm) H = High alarm set point (Main alarm) If S1/S2 is not selected, it will be whichever one alarms first.
24	RYL 2 LATCH	ON / OFF	OFF	ON: Unit must be manually reset following activation.
25	RYL 2 AL RUN	MINS 1-30	MINS 05	Time relay remains active upon alarm condition if RLY2 LATCH is OFF, and gas concentrations drop below Alarm threshold.
26	RYL2 M O-RIDE	YES/NO	NO	Manual Override enabled. (Fascia OK Button).
27	RYL2 POL	NO/NC	N/O	N/C: relay is energised during normal operation, de-energised when alarm detected, or power is lost. (failsafe) N/O: relay is de-energised during normal operation
28	AN OP1 MIN	000 – 100%	000%	0% = 0V / 0mA 100% = 10V / 20mA
29	AN OP1 MAX	000 – 100%	100%	0% = 0V / 0mA 100% = 10V / 20mA
30	AN OP2 MIN	000 – 100%	000%	0% = 0V / 0mA 100% = 10V / 20mA
31	AN OP2 MAX	000 – 100%	100%	0% = 0V / 0mA 100% = 10V / 20mA
32	AN1 FOLLOWS	S1 - S2 - BOTH	BOTH	Analog output1 follows S1 or S2 concentration or both (1st served)

33	AN S1 GAS MIN	See section: Default Sensor Alarms		Minimum value from S1 sensor where the Analog OP1 start increase
34	AN S1 GAS MAX	See section: Default Sensor Alarms		Maximum value from S1 sensor where the Analog OP1 reaches max output
35	AN2 FOLLOWS	S1 – S2 – BOTH	BOTH	Analog output2 follows S1 or S2 concentration or both (1st served)
36	AN S2 GAS MIN	See section: Default Sensor Alarms		Minimum value from S2 sensor where the Analog OP2 start increase
37	AN S2 GAS MAX	See section: Default Sensor Alarms		Maximum value from S2 sensor where the Analog OP2 reaches max output
38	AN OP1 LOGIC	ON/OFF	OFF	ON: Network value. OFF: Independently Driven.
39	AN OP2 LOGIC	ON/OFF	OFF	ON: Network value. OFF: Independently Driven.
00	SAVE/EXIT/R	BACK TO MENU EXIT W/O SAVE SAVE & EXIT RESET & EXIT		Return to the menu Exit without saving Save settings and exit Exit and reset to default settings

Default Sensor Alarms

⚠ Users should check and adjust alarms according to any local regulation and/or code.

⚠ **S&S** accepts no responsibility for alarm configuration.

⚠ Target Gas	Alarm Low	Alarm High	Parameter	*Hysteresis
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	▲ 25 ppm	▲ 100 ppm	10 - 250ppm	10%
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂)	▲ 0.5 ppm	▲ 2.0 ppm	0.5 - 10ppm	10%
Methane (CH ₄) Nat. Gas	▲ 8% LEL	▲ 10% LEL	3.0 - 90% LEL	10%
Hydrogen (H ₂)	▲ 8% LEL	▲ 10% LEL	3.0 - 90% LEL	10%
Butane / Propane (LPG)	▲ 8% LEL	▲ 10% LEL	3.0 - 90% LEL	10%
Oxygen (O ₂) Depletion	▼ 19.5% VOL	▼ 18.5% VOL ▲ *23%VOL	0-25 % VOL	2%
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) GM100-CO ₂	▲ 1% VOL	▲ 2% VOL	0-4% VOL	10%
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) GM100-CO ₂ -PPM	▲ 1500	▲ 2800	400-5000ppm	10%

ppm: Parts Per Million / % LEL: Lower Explosive Limit / ▼ Falling Alarm / ▲ Rising Alarm

* All alarms have a % hysteresis built in to avoid changing multiple states when gas concentrations are hovering around the alarm level, i.e., if a CO alarm is triggered at ▲20ppm rising, the alarm indications will be displayed until the gas concentration drops below 18ppm 10% hysteresis.

* **Important:** The Oxygen (O₂) high alarm at 23% Vol will activate the Audible alarm and sign relay only, and not the analogue outputs.

GM151 With Particulate Matter Sensor

The particulate matter (PM) sensor is included on model GM151-XX-XX

By integrating a particulate-matter sensor alongside traditional gas-sensing technologies, the system delivers comprehensive air-quality insights, enabling effective ventilation control and enhanced occupant safety

The PM measurement can be monitored and alarms configured using the RS485 digital communications, see Modbus & BACnet functionality sections.

End Of Life (Replace) Indication

⚠ At the end of its life, the equipment must be decommissioned and replaced immediately. The GM is fitted with replaceable sensor modules with end-of-life (EOL) tracking. The end of life is a safety feature that monitors the time remaining before the sensor has reached the end of life.

When the end of life is reached, and the monitor will display a message [REPLACE]. To clear the end-of-life message the sensing module must be replaced. See section: Disable/Replace Sensor Module.

Product	Expected EOL (dependent on environmental conditions)	EOL Indication
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	7-10	7
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂)	2-4	2
Methane (CH ₄) Nat. Gas	>10	10
Hydrogen (H ₂)	>10	10
Butane / Propane (LPG)	>10	10
Oxygen (O ₂) Depletion	>5	5
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	>10	10

Commissioning

Overview

We recommend all gas detection equipment be commissioned by competent/trained engineers. Gas detectors are factory calibrated when shipped under ambient conditions, however, we recommend the detectors response and alarm signals are tested and validated once installed and subsequently every 6-18 months thereafter to retain optimum safety.

During Commissioning

- Check installation, mounting, cable entry, position.
- Check the power supply voltage and indication.
- Check/perform calibration.
- Check indications for proper operation.
- Check buzzer and relay operation.
- Check signal transmission to the BMS/central controller, where appropriate.

Regular maintenance and calibration of the sensors by trained technicians is strongly recommended. Inspections and services should be documented and executed at regular intervals with records in place. The frequency must be determined and observed by the person responsible for the gas warning system according to all regulatory, code and legal requirements. The inspection interval is normally 6 to 18 months to retain optimum safety. The date for the next maintenance should be affixed to the equipment sensor.

Our equipment is designed to operate in a wide range of harsh environments and conditions. However, it is important that exposure to high concentrations of solvent vapours is avoided, both during storage and operation. Regular maintenance and calibration of the sensors by trained technicians is strongly recommended. Inspections and services should be documented and executed at regular intervals with records in place.

The frequency must be determined and observed by the person responsible for the gas warning system according to all regulatory, code and legal requirements. The inspection interval is normally 6 to 18 months, and a service reminder can be set following the procedure in the Menu section.

The date for the next maintenance should be affixed to the equipment sensor.

Interval	Description
During commissioning	Check installation, orientation, mounting, cable entry & wiring. Check/perform calibration. Check indications for proper operation. Check buzzer and relay operation. Check signal transmission to the BMS/central controller, where appropriate.
**Every 6-18 months	Inspection by trained service personnel. Calibrate, bump, or change the sensor with a factory calibrated one.
As required	Replace sensor modules.

** This can vary by sensor type, application, environment and national or local regulation/code.

Alarm Test

Ensure the monitor has been powered for 10min warm up before carrying out the alarm test.

An Alarm test can be carried as follows as part of the system commissioning.

Follow the procedure in the Setting Menu section to enter the code **813**. Once the code is accepted use the < and > buttons to access **Alarm Test** and press OK.

The GM will automatically return to normal operation gas levels simulated in the high alarm condition for 10 seconds during which time the signal relay will be activated and the system can be tested in an alarm condition.

Maintenance

Service Reminder

The service message is factory set as OFF and can be set up from the configuration menu. The service message acts as a reminder to carry out a periodic check of the sensor. Once a service message has been set and the period has been reached, an indication (S) will be displayed on the screen.

Flashing S = Service Message Reminder



The planned maintenance schedule should now be carried out according to industry and calibration procedures.

All inspection calibration/bump testing records should be documented.

The frequency must be determined and observed by the person responsible for the gas warning system according to all regulatory, code and legal requirements.

Reset Service Reminder

In the configuration menu, go to the [SERVICE MESSAGE] setting and select the required period before the next service, now [EXIT/SAVE] to initialise the next service reminder.

Cleaning the Equipment

- ⚠ Concentrations of alcohol found in many products may damage, deteriorate or affect the gas sensing elements such as wine; deodorants; stain removers and thinners. Other gases and substances to avoid are corrosives (i.e. chlorine & hydrogen chloride); alkali metals; basic or acidic compounds; silicones; tetraethyl lead; halogens and halogenated compounds!

Keep your Detector in good working order

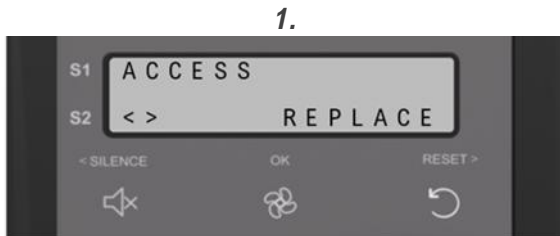
- Remove any dust/debris from the outer enclosures regularly using a slightly damp cloth.
- Never use detergents or solvents to clean your device(s).
- Never spray air fresheners, hair spray, paint or other aerosols near the detectors.
- Never paint the device(s). Paint will seal vents and interfere with the equipment.

Replace or Disable Gas Sensor S1 or S2

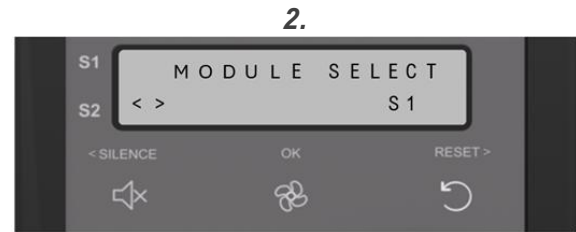
Follow the procedure in the Setting Menu section to enter the code 753.

Once the code is accepted use the < and > buttons to access REPLACE and press OK.

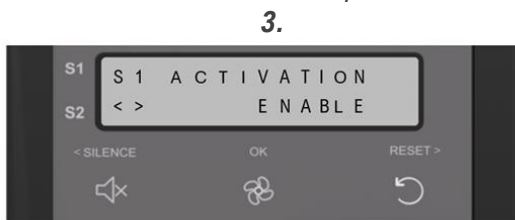
If only a single gas type is required, S1 or S2 can be disabled. In addition to replace a sensor, first disable the sensor you wish to replace, remove and then install the new sensor, then ENABLE.



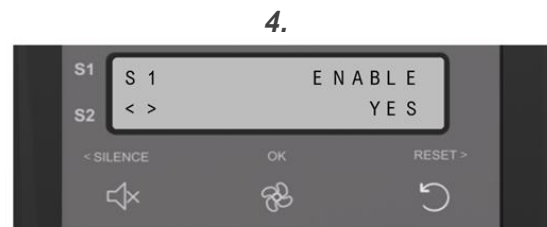
Once the code is accepted use the < and > buttons to access **REPLACE** and press Ok.



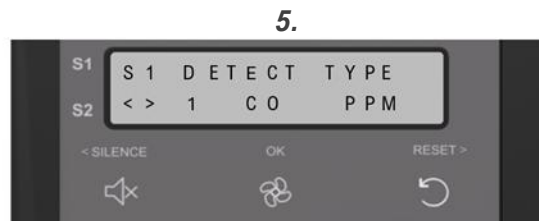
Select the module S1 or S2 using the < > buttons, press OK to confirm.



Select Enable or Disable using the < > buttons, press OK to confirm



Select Yes or No using the < > buttons, press OK to confirm.



Select the detected gas type CO or NO2, press OK to confirm.
Now press Ok and then < press OK to select BACK and wait 10 sec for timeout or press Ok to return to normal operation.

Removing a sensor:

WARNING: Handle with Care!

This device is sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge (ESD).

To prevent damage: Wear an Anti-Static Wrist Strap: Ensure it is properly grounded before handling the device. Avoid Touching Connectors or Circuitry: Always hold the device by its edges.

Discharge Static Electricity: Touch a grounded metal object before handling the device.

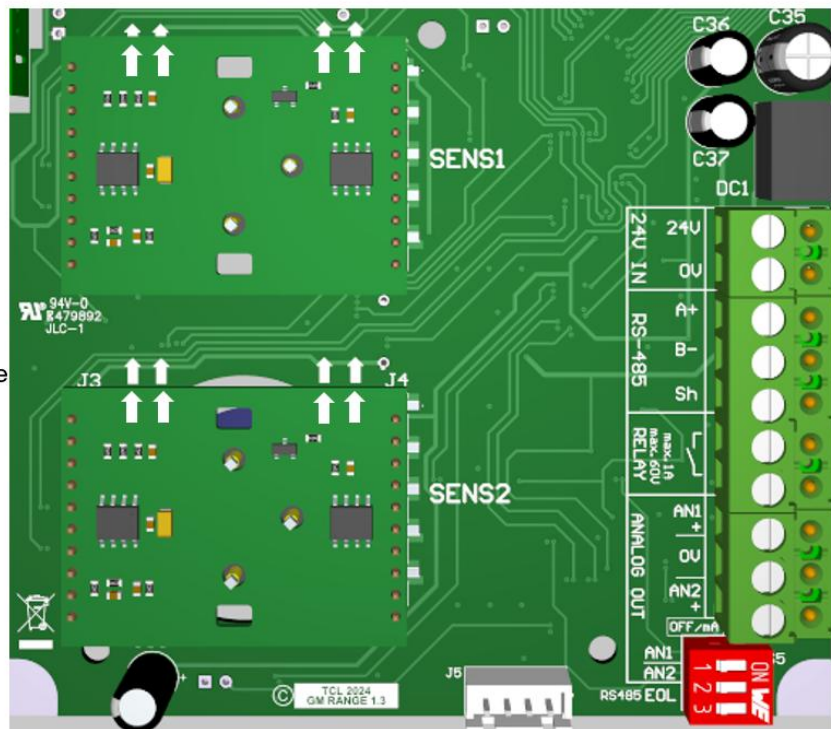
Keep in Protective Packaging: Store the device in its anti-static packaging until ready for use.

To remove the sensor module:

With the unit unpowered & taking ESD handling precautions.

Carefully hold the sides of the module to unplug.

Replace the module taking care to align the white arrows on the module and PCB. Check that the pin is aligned correctly with the socket.



Calibration

General Safety Statements

- ⚠ Gas mixtures must be prepared using equipment traceable to N.P.L / ISO standards.
- ⚠ Ensure all test gas is within the expiration date.
- ⚠ Take note of any material safety data sheet accompanying test gases and equipment.
- ⚠ Before starting the calibration procedure, ensure the environment is free of any gas that may affect the result.
- ⚠ Acknowledge any alarms or faults before attempting to begin the calibration process.
- ⚠ At elevations higher than 6,560' (2,000m), calibration will result in a lower reading.
- ⚠ Give at least seven (7) minutes between testing the same unit or until gas has fully dispersed.
- ⚠ Sensors should be calibrated if the measuring range has been exceeded, which can shorten the sensor lifetime and/or reduce its sensitivity.
- ⚠ Ensure the device orientation is maintained when performing calibration.
- ⚠ Do not apply gas during the [ZERO] and make sure the environment is free of any gas that may affect the calibration result. wait until a beep is heard before moving on.
- ⚠ Calibration consists of zero and span adjustments, it is not possible to adjust only one.

Zero Correction

The GM has two types of calibration

- **Zero Correction** resets the baseline lever to zero.
- **Full Calibration** includes applying a span test gas, see calibration procedure.

If performing a full calibration, go to the next section.

If performing a zero correction only, it is essential to ensure the GM has been powered for the full warm-up period and reached full accuracy.

Warm-up time before Zero Correction	Time hrs
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	2 hrs
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂)	
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	
Oxygen (O ₂) Depletion	
Methane (CH ₄) Nat. Gas	48 hrs
Hydrogen (H ₂)	
Butane / Propane (LPG)	

- ⚠ Before starting calibration, ensure the monitor has been continuously powered for the warm-up time.
- ⚠ Ensure the target gas is not present in the atmosphere
- ⚠ Ensure the GM is mounted in the final position; the orientation of the sensor can affect the calibration result.

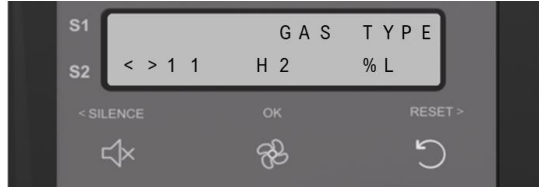
1. Enter the configuration menu.
2. Press right arrow once to scroll to calibration, press OK twice to select.



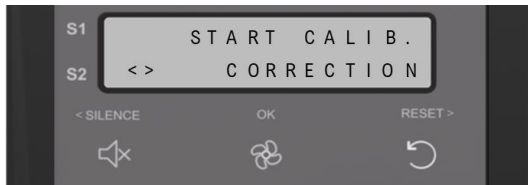
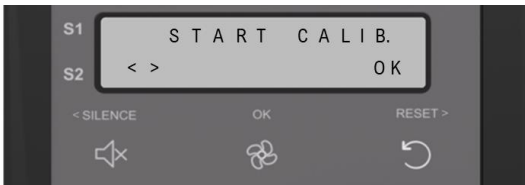
3. Press OK again to select calibration.



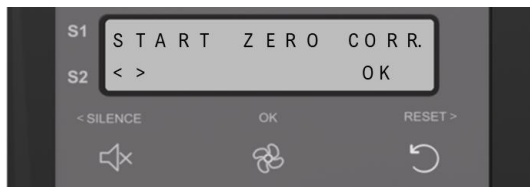
4. Select module, then select gas type.



5. Screen now shows Start Calib, press right arrow twice to get to correction, press OK.



6. Screen should show Start Auto Correction, press OK.



7. It will then take you back to menu, exit menu.

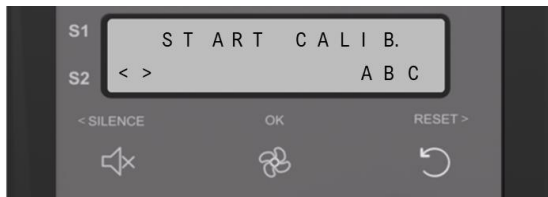
CO2 Calibration ONLY

The CO2 sensor uses Automatic Background Calibration (ABC) as default. If the sensor is exposed to regular weekly fresh air levels of 400 ppm CO2 concentrations, then manual calibration is not required.

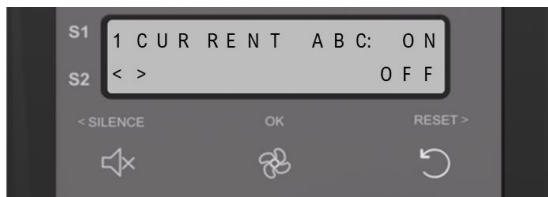
For applications such as buildings with 24-hour occupancy, where CO2 levels are constantly above 400ppm, it is advised to turn off the ABC calibration as follows, then carry out a regular manual calibration.

Turning off ABC calibration.

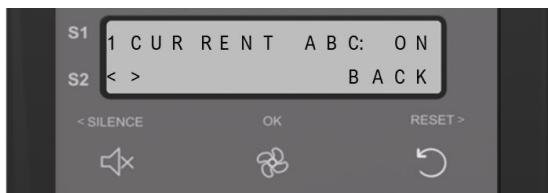
1. Enter the configuration menu.
2. Press right arrow once to scroll to calibration, press OK twice to select
3. Select module, then select gas type as CO2
4. Press right arrow once to get to ABC, press OK



5. Turn ABC ON/OFF using right or left arrow, press OK



6. To go back, press left arrow twice and then OK.



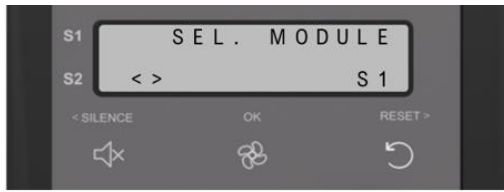
Calibration Procedure

- ⚠ For CO2 calibration, ensure the auto background calibration (ABC) has been turned off, as previously described in the preceding section.
- ⚠ Before starting calibration, ensure the monitor has been continuously powered for the warm-up time period specified below; this will ensure the sensor has reached full accuracy.

Warm-up time before calibration	Time hrs
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	2 hrs
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂)	
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	
Oxygen (O ₂) Depletion	48 hrs
Methane (CH ₄) Nat. Gas	
Hydrogen (H ₂)	
Butane / Propane (LPG)	

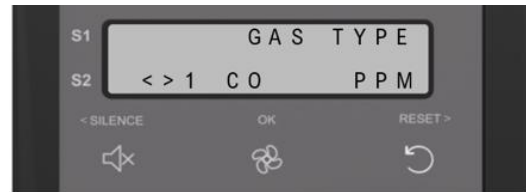
To enter calibration, enter configuration menu, use the < > buttons to access [Calibration] and press [OK].

1.



Use the < and > buttons to select the module to be calibrated S1 or S2 and press OK.

2.



Press OK to confirm the gas type.

3.



Press OK to start the calibration.

4.

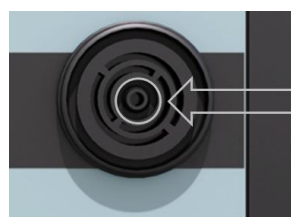
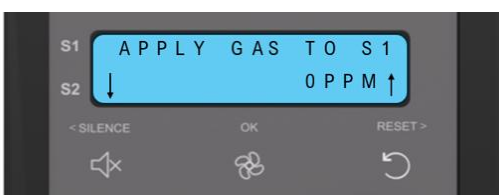


When calibration starts, the screen will turn blue.

When instructed, fit pipe direct to the gas inlet as detailed below and apply gas to the appropriate sensor within the range specified. Calibration is recommended to be performed as per local code requirements and must be carried out following the specified conditions and using equipment as detailed below.

Target Gas	Formula	Concentration	Balance /Mix	Flow Rate	Application Time
Carbon Monoxide	CO	50~150ppm	Air	0.3-0.5L Per/Min	<120s
Nitrogen Dioxide	NO ₂	2~5ppm			
Methane	CH ₄	8 – 20% LEL			
Hydrogen	H ₂	8 – 20% LEL			
Propane (LPG)	C ₃ H ₈	8 – 20% LEL			
Carbon Dioxide GM100-CO2	CO ₂	*0.1/0.2/0.3/0.4/0.5 %VOL			
Carbon Dioxide GM100-CO2-PPM	CO ₂	500-5000ppm	Nitrogen		
Oxygen	O ₂	0-18%			

* **Important:** For CO₂ % VOL calibration, the test gas concentration must be exactly as specified; do not use a concentration between the specified options.



Apply gas direct to S1 or S2 sensor vent

After 60-120 seconds check the gas value is stable and no longer rising, now use the ↑ ↓ buttons to adjust the value to exactly match the test gas bottle value, the example below is a reading using a 120ppm calibration gas.

Calibration Success [OK]



Press OK to complete the calibration. If you would like to exit the calibration without applying any changes remove the gas and press OK to display [NOK].

Calibration failed [NOK]



NOK displayed in yellow indicates the calibration has failed and results haven't been saved, the calibration should be repeated following the parameters as specified at the start of the procedure.

Now press OK and then < to select BACK, wait 10 sec for a time out to return to normal operation or Press OK to return to the Menu.

If the sensor is faulty and cannot be calibrated, the sensor module can be replaced. As a final calibration check, it is recommended to perform a bump test.

System Bump Test

General information

Gas response checks are often referred to as a 'bump test'.

Bump tests are important to make sure a device can detect a release of gas as early as possible. The aim of the bump test is to make sure a detector is working at its optimum by briefly exposing the unit to a known concentration of the target gas that usually exceeds the highest alarm point. If the detector goes into alarm and all signals/outputs activate, then the system is working safely. If the system fails to operate as intended in an alarm state, the gas detector must not be used until a full inspection and has been conducted. NFPA requires all gas detectors to be tested annually and that the test results be recorded on site and available to inspectors. A detector may visually appear in good working order, but its sensitivity and accuracy can be inhibited by external factors. Dust, humidity, temperature fluctuations, cleaning products, contaminants, exposure to its target gas or sensor drift (ageing) can cause a decline in sensitivity, accuracy, and eventual failure. Regular bump tests are important to make sure the detector can detect a release of gas as early as possible and usually takes seconds (gas type dependant i.e., CO sensors will take over a minute) and is often completed alongside a scheduled fire alarm test, however the frequency should be determined following an appropriate risk assessment by the end user. We recommend testing detectors every 12-18 months along with the regular fire test procedures and coincide with the annual service message prompted on the detection system after each year of service/operation.

Bump Test Procedure

- ⚠ Take normal precautions when using cylinders, they should always be stored in the vertical position and secured to prevent them from falling over.
- ⚠ Ensure valve/regulators are screwed and secured tight before use and ensure valves are closed after use.
- ⚠ Ensure all test gas is within the expiration date.

The bump test must be carried out following the specified conditions and using equipment as detailed below.

Target Gas	Formula	**Concentration	Balance/Mix	Flow Rate	Application Time
Carbon Monoxide	CO	150 ppm	Air	0.3 - 0.5L Per/min	<120s
Nitrogen Dioxide	NO ₂	5ppm			
Methane	CH ₄	20% LEL			
Hydrogen	H ₂	20% LEL			
Propane (LPG)	C ₃ H ₈	20% LEL			
Carbon Dioxide	CO ₂	4000ppm	Nitrogen		
Oxygen	O ₂	0-15%			

**Bump test concentrations must be higher than the set alarm level but not exceed the measuring range.

Open the gas valve and apply gas to the inlet nipple of the sensor vent until an alarm is triggered, during this time you should observe the gas level rising and stabilising and response time.

Check the monitor goes into alarm and displays the applied gas correctly, in addition, consider the response time in accordance with the sensor specifications. If the response exceeds the time specified, the sensor module may need to be replaced.

If the monitor is displaying an incorrect gas level, follow the Calibration Procedure section.

Trouble Shooting

Fault Indications

If a fault occurs with the gas sensing module an error code will be displayed as shown below. Additional fault-finding error codes are listed in the Modbus/BACnet functionality document.



Error Code F!!	Description
07	S1 Wrong Type
08	S1 Module Missing
09	S2 Wrong Type
10	S2 Module Missing

Additional Information

Sensor Principle - Electrochemical

Electrochemical sensors measure the partial pressure of gases under atmospheric conditions. The monitored ambient air diffuses through a membrane into the liquid electrolyte in the sensor. The electrolyte contains a measuring electrode, a counter-electrode, and a reference electrode. An electronic “potentiated” circuit ensures a constant electrical voltage between measuring electrode and reference electrode. Voltage, electrolyte, and electrode material are selected to suit the gas being monitored so that it is transformed electrochemically on the measuring electrode and a current flow through the sensor. This current is proportional to the gas concentration. At the same time, oxygen from the ambient air reacts at the counter electrode electrochemically. The current flowing through the sensor is amplified electronically, digitized, and corrected for several parameters (e.g., the ambient temperature).

Sensor Principle - Catalytic

When a flammable gas, such as methane, propane, or hydrogen, enters the sensor, it combusts on the active bead's surface. This reaction produces heat, which increases the bead's temperature. As a result, the bead's resistance changes, and this difference in resistance is measured and translated into a gas concentration reading. The reference bead, which does not react with the gas, is used to compare temperature changes, providing a baseline for accuracy. This technology is reliable because it directly detects the heat generated by combustion, making it effective in environments where explosive gas leaks are a risk. The underlying concept might sound straightforward, but the engineering and precision behind catalytic bead sensors ensure consistent and reliable readings, which can mean the difference between safety and danger in hazardous environments.

BACnet Functionality

Parity: None / Data-Word length: 8-bit / Stop bit: 1

BACnet Interoperability Building Blocks Supported

Description	BIBB	Comments
Read Property	DS-RP-B	
Read Property Multiple	DS-RPM-B	
Write property	DS-WP-B	
Dynamic Device Binding	DM-DDB-B	Execute who is / Initiate I am
Dynamic Object Binding	DM-DOB-B	
Device Comm Control	DM-DCC-B	
Reinitialize Device	DM-RD-B	

BACnet Standard Object Types Supported

Object	No Of Instance	Instance Assignments
Device Object	1	
Analog Input (AI)	7	AI-1: [S1] Gas Type AI-2: [S2] Gas Type AI-3: Temperature AI-4: Humidity AI-5: PM 1.0 AI-6: PM 2.5 AI-7: PM 10
Analog Output (AO)	2	AO-1: Analog output 1 AO-2: Analog output 2
Analog Value (AV)	35	AV-1: S1 Alarm Low AV-2: S1 Alarm High AV-3: S2 Alarm Low AV-4: S2 Alarm High AV-5: Alarm High Delay AV-6: Zone Number AV-7: Temperature Offset AV-8: Temperature Alarm High AV-9: Temperature Alarm Low AV-10: Service Warning AV-11: Service Time Left AV-12: S1 Module Working Time Left AV-13: S2 Module Working Time Left AV-14: S1 CO2 Last Correction (if Applicable) AV-15: S1 CO2 Altitude (if Applicable) AV-16: S2 CO2 Last Correction (if Applicable) AV-17: S2 CO2 Altitude (if Applicable) AV-18: RELAY 1 RUN TIME AV-19: RELAY 2 RUN TIME AV-20: ANALOG OP.1 Min. AV-21: ANALOG OP.1 Max. AV-22: ANALOG OP.2 Min. AV-23: ANALOG OP.2 Max. AV-24: ANALOG OP.1 Min. GAS Value AV-25: ANALOG OP.1 Max. GAS Value AV-26: ANALOG OP.2 Min. GAS Value AV-27: ANALOG OP.2 Max. GAS Value AV-28: ANALOG OP.1 NETWORK Value AV-29: ANALOG OP.2 NETWORK Value

		AV-30: PM1.0 Alarm Low AV-31: PM1.0 Alarm High AV-32: PM2.5 Alarm Low AV-33: PM2.5 Alarm High AV-34: PM10 Alarm Low AV-35: PM10 Alarm High
Binary Output (BO)	3	BO-1: SIGNAL RELAY POLARITY BO-2: RELAY 1 POLARITY BO-3: RELAY 2 POLARITY
Multi-State Value (MSV)	19	MSV-1: Temperature Unit MSV-2: Error Codes MSV-3: Deadband MSV-4: Audible Alarm MSV-5: Temperature Alarm High Enable MSV-6: Temperature Alarm Low Enable MSV-7: S1 CO2 ABC Logic (if Applicable) MSV-8: S2 CO2 ABC Logic (if Applicable) MSV-9: SIGNAL RELAY FOLLOWS MSV-10: RELAY 1 FOLLOWS MSV-11: RELAY 1 LATCH MSV-12: RELAY 1 MANUAL OVERRIDE MSV-13: RELAY 2 FOLLOWS MSV-14: RELAY 2 LATCH MSV-15: RELAY 2 MANUAL OVERRIDE MSV-16: ANALOG OP.1 FOLLOWS MSV-17: ANALOG OP.2 FOLLOWS MSV-18: ANALOG OP.1 LOGIC MSV-19: ANALOG OP.2 LOGIC

BACnet Standard Object Types Supported

Property Name / ID	Default	Read/Write
Object Identifier	OBJECT_DEVICE: Vendor No x1000 & Mac Address	R/W
Object Name	GM Range	R/W
Object Type	8: Object Device	R
System Status	0: Operational	R
Vendor Name	SNS Northern	R
Vendor Identifier	1447	R
Model Name	Merlin GM 150	R
Firmware Revision	1.0.0	R
Application SW Version	1v0	R
Protocol Version	1	R
Protocol Revision	18	R
Protocol Services Supported	Binary List	R
Object List	Object Array	R
Max APDU Length	480	R
Segmentation Support	3: None	R
APDU Timeout	3000	R
Number APDU Retries	3	R
Database Revision	0	R
Description	Gas Detection	R/W
Location	Location	R/W
Max Master	127	R
Max Info Frames	1-16	R
Link Speed	(Baud Rate Indicator)	R
Mac Address	(Network ID)	R
1000-Proprietary (Factory Reset)	0 (AI / AO / AV / BO / MSV ONLY) 1: Prompt Reset	R/W

Analog Input Objects (AI)

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_ANALOG_INPUT: #	R
Object Name	AI-1: "Gas Formula" AI-2: "Gas Formula" AI-3: Temperature AI-4: Humidity AI-5: PM 1.0 AI-6: PM 2.5 AI-7: PM 10	R
Object Type	0: Object Analog Input	R
Present Value	REAL	R
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Units	AI-1: Gas Type Dependant (ppm / %LEL etc.) AI-2: Gas Type Dependant (ppm / %LEL etc.) AI-3: DEGREES FAHRENHEIT AI-4: PERCENT RELATIVE HUMIDITY AI-5: Microgram Per Cubic Meter AI-6: Microgram Per Cubic Meter AI-7: Microgram Per Cubic Meter	R
Description	N/A	R/W

Analog Output Objects (AO)

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_ANALOG_OUTPUT: #	R
Object Name	AO-1: Analog Output 1 AO-2: Analog Output 2	R
Object Type	1: Object Analog Output	R
Present Value	Real	R
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	0: Normal	R
Out-of-Service	False	R/W
Units	AO-1: PERCENT AO-2: PERCENT	R

Analog Value Objects (AV)

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_ANALOG_OUTPUT: #	R
Object Name	AV-1: S1 Alarm Low AV-2: S1 Alarm High AV-3: S2 Alarm Low AV-4: S2 Alarm High AV-5: Alarm High Delay (0-99) AV-6: Zone Number (0-10) AV-7: Temperature Offset (-9 to +9) AV-8: Temperature Alarm High AV-9: Temperature Alarm Low AV-10: Service Warning (0: OFF, 6,12,18 Months) AV-11: Service Time Left AV-12: S1 Module Working Time Left AV-13: S2 Module Working Time Left AV-14: S1 CO2 Last Correction (if Applicable) AV-15: S1 CO2 Altitude (if Applicable)	R

	AV-16: S2 CO2 Last Correction (if Applicable) AV-17: S2 CO2 Altitude (if Applicable) AV-18: RELAY 1 RUN TIME (0-30) AV-19: RELAY 2 RUN TIME (0-30) AV-20: ANALOG OP.1 Min. (0-100) AV-21: ANALOG OP.1 Max. (0-100) AV-22: ANALOG OP.2 Min. (0-100) AV-23: ANALOG OP.2 Max. (0-100) AV-24: ANALOG OP.1 Min. GAS Value AV-25: ANALOG OP.1 Max. GAS Value AV-26: ANALOG OP.2 Min. GAS Value AV-27: ANALOG OP.2 Max. GAS Value AV-28: ANALOG OP.1 NETWORK Value (0-100) AV-29: ANALOG OP.2 NETWORK Value (0-100) AV-30: PM1.0 ALARM LOW (10-999) AV-31: PM1.0 ALARM HIGH (10-999) AV-32: PM2.5 ALARM LOW (10-999) AV-33: PM2.5 ALARM HIGH (10-999) AV-34: PM10 ALARM LOW (10-999) AV-35: PM10 ALARM HIGH (10-999)	
Object Type	2: Object Analog Value	R
Present Value	Real	R- R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	0: Normal	R
Out-of-Service	False	R/W
Units	AV-1: Gas Type Dependant (PPM / %LEL etc.) AV-2: Gas Type Dependant (PPM / %LEL etc.) AV-3: Gas Type Dependant (PPM / %LEL etc.) AV-4: Gas Type Dependant (PPM / %LEL etc.) AV-5: SECONDS AV-6: NO UNIT AV-7: NO UNIT AV-8: DEGREES FAHRENHEIT AV-9: DEGREES FAHRENHEIT AV-10: MONTHS AV-11: HOURS AV-12: DAYS AV-13: DAYS AV-14: PPM AV-15: Meter AV-16: PPM AV-17: Meter AV-18: MINUTES AV-19: MINUTES AV-20: % AV-21: % AV-22: % AV-23: % AV-24: Gas Type Dependant (PPM / %LEL etc.) AV-25: Gas Type Dependant (PPM / %LEL etc.) AV-26: Gas Type Dependant (PPM / %LEL etc.) AV-27: Gas Type Dependant (PPM / %LEL etc.) AV-28: % AV-29: % AV-30: Microgram Per Cubic Meter AV-31: Microgram Per Cubic Meter AV-32: Microgram Per Cubic Meter AV-33: Microgram Per Cubic Meter AV-34: Microgram Per Cubic Meter AV-35: Microgram Per Cubic Meter	R

Binary Output Objects (BO)

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_BINARY_OUTPUT: #	R
Object Name	BO-1: SIGNAL RELAY POLARITY BO-2: RELAY 1 POLARITY BO-3: RELAY 2 POLARITY	R
Object Type	4: Object Binary Output	R
Present Value	0: OFF 1: ON	R
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Polarity	0: Normal 1: Reversed	R/W

Multi-State Value (MSV) Temperature Unit

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:1	R
Object Name	Error Codes	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	2: (°Fahrenheit)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	2	R
States	1: °C 2: °F	R

Multi-State Value (MSV) Error Codes

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:2	R
Object Name	Error Codes	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	1: (No Error)	R
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	10	R
States	1: No Error 2: EEPROM Error 3: Temperature Sensor Error 4: DAC Error 5: M1 Error 6: M2 Error 7: S1 Wrong Type 8: S1 Module Missing 9: S2 Wrong Type 10: S2 Module Missing 11: S1 Low Voltage 12: S1 L or C Error 13: S1 Comm. Error 14: S2 Low Voltage 15: S2 L or C Error 16: S2 Comm. Error	R

Multi-State Value (MSV) Deadband

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:3	R
Object Name	Deadband	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	1: (OFF)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	2	R
States	1: OFF 2: ON	R

Multi-State Value (MSV) Audible Alarm

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:4	R
Object Name	Audible Alarm	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	1: (OFF)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	2	R
States	1: OFF 2: ON	R

Multi-State Value (MSV) Temperature Alarm High Enable

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:5	R
Object Name	Temperature Alarm High Enable	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	1: (OFF)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	2	R
States	1: OFF 2: ON 3: RLY1 4: RLY2	R

Multi-State Value (MSV) Temperature Alarm Low Enable

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:6	R
Object Name	Temperature Alarm Low Enable	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	1: (OFF)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	2	R

States	1: OFF 2: ON 3: RLY1 4: RLY2	R
--------	---------------------------------------	---

Multi-State Value (MSV) S1 CO2 ABC Logic (if applicable)

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:7	R
Object Name	S1 CO2 ABC Logic	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	2: (ON)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	2	R
States	1: OFF 2: ON	R

Multi-State Value (MSV) S2 CO2 ABC Logic (if applicable)

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:8	R
Object Name	S2 CO2 ABC Logic	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	2: (ON)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	2	R
States	1: OFF 2: ON	R

Multi-State Value (MSV) SIGNAL RELAY FOLLOWS

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:9	R
Object Name	SIGNAL RELAY FOLLOWS	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	2: (ALARM HIGH)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	2	R
States	1: ALARM LOW 2: ALARM HIGH	R

Multi-State Value (MSV) RELAY 1 FOLLOWS

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:10	R
Object Name	RELAY 1 FOLLOWS	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	5: (ALARM LOW)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	6	R

States	1: S1 AL. LOW 2: S1 AL. HIGH 3: S2 AL. LOW 4: S2 AL. HIGH 5: ALARM LOW 6: ALARM HIGH	R
--------	---	---

Multi-State Value (MSV) RELAY 1 LATCH

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:11	R
Object Name	RELAY 1 LATCH	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	1: (OFF)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	2	R
States	1: OFF 2: ON	R

Multi-State Value (MSV) RELAY 1 MANUAL OVERRIDE

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:12	R
Object Name	RELAY 1 MANUAL OVERRIDE	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	2: (YES)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	2	R
States	1: NO 2: YES	R

Multi-State Value (MSV) RELAY 2 FOLLOWS

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:13	R
Object Name	RELAY 2 FOLLOWS	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	6: (ALARM HIGH)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	6	R
States	1: S1 AL. LOW 2: S1 AL. HIGH 3: S2 AL. LOW 4: S2 AL. HIGH 5: ALARM LOW 6: ALARM HIGH	R

Multi-State Value (MSV) RELAY 2 LATCH

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:14	R
Object Name	RELAY 2 LATCH	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	1: (OFF)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	2	R
States	1: OFF 2: ON	R

Multi-State Value (MSV) RELAY 2 MANUAL OVERRIDE

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:15	R
Object Name	RELAY 2 MANUAL OVERRIDE	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	1: (NO)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	2	R
States	1: NO 2: YES	R

Multi-State Value (MSV) ANALOG OP.1 FOLLOWS

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:16	R
Object Name	ANALOG OP.1 FOLLOWS	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	1: (S1)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	2	R
States	1: S1 2: S2 3: BOTH	R

Multi-State Value (MSV) ANALOG OP.2 FOLLOWS

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:17	R
Object Name	ANALOG OP.2 FOLLOWS	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	2: (S2)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	2	R
States	1: S1	R

	2: S2 3: BOTH	
--	------------------	--

Multi-State Value (MSV) ANALOG OP.1 LOGIC

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:18	R
Object Name	ANALOG OP.1 LOGIC	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	2: (OFF)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	2	R
States	1: OFF 2: ON	R

Multi-State Value (MSV) ANALOG OP.2 LOGIC

Property Name / ID	Default	R/W
Object Identifier	OBJECT_MULTI_STATE_VALUE:19	R
Object Name	ANALOG OP.2 LOGIC	R
Object Type	19: Object Multi State Value	R
Present Value	2: (OFF)	R/W
Status Flag	0000	R
Event State	NORMAL	R
Out-of-Service	FALSE	R/W
Number of States	2	R
States	1: OFF 2: ON	R

Modbus Functionality

Parity: None / Data-Word length: 8-bit / Stop bit: 1

Operation

Register/Address	Description	Notes	Read/Write
40000-40030	Reserved		
40031	Baud Rate	Type: uINT, Factor:1 9600 (Default), 19200, 38400, 57600 via dipswitch	R
40032	Address	Type: uINT, Factor:1, 0-127 via DIP Switch	R
40033	Model number	Type: uINT, Factor:1	R
40034	N/A	N/A	R
40035	*S1 Gas Concentration	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Unit: Gas Type Specific (PPM, %LEL etc.)	R
40036	*S2 Gas Concentration	Type: INT, Factor: 10, Unit: Gas Type Specific (PPM, % LEL etc.)	R
40037	Temperature	Type: INT, Factor: 10, Unit: °C/°F	R
40038	Humidity	Type: INT, Factor: 10, Unit: %RH	R
40039	Analog Output 1	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Unit: %	R
40040	Analog Output 2	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Unit: %	R
40041	*S1 Alarm Low Setpoint	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: Gas Type Specific Range: Gas Type Specific	R/W
40042	*S1 Alarm High Setpoint	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: Gas Type Specific Range: Gas Type Specific	R/W
40043	*S2 Alarm Low Setpoint	Type: uINT, Factor: 10, Unit: Gas Type Specific Range: Gas Type Specific	R/W
40044	*S2 Alarm High Setpoint	Type: uINT, Factor: 10, Unit: Gas Type Specific Range: Gas Type Specific	R/W
40045	Alarm High Delay	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: sec, Default: 2 (0-99)	R/W
40046	Zone Number	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Default: 2 (0-10)	R/W
40047	Signal Relay Follows	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Default: 2 (1= Alarm Low, 2= Alarm High)	R/W
40048	Temperature Offset	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Default: 0 (-9 to +9)	R/W
40049	Temperature Alarm High Setpoint	Type: INT, Factor: 10, Unit: °C/°F Default: 104°F / 40°C (77-104°F) (25-40°C)	R/W
40050	Temperature Alarm Low Setpoint	Type: INT, Factor: 10, Unit: °C/°F Default: 32°F / 0°C (32-59°F) (0-15°C)	R/W
40051	Service Warning	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: Months, Default: 12 (0=OFF, 6, 12, 18)	R/W
40052	Audible Alarm	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Default: 0 (0=OFF, 1=ON)	R/W
40053	Signal Relay Polarity	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Default: 1 (0=N/O, 1=N/C)	R/W

40054	Deadband	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Default: 1 (0=OFF, 1=ON)	R/W
40055	Temperature Alarm High Enable	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Default: 0 (0=OFF, 1=ON, 2=RLY1, 3=RLY2)	R/W
40056	Temperature Alarm Low Enable	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Default: 0 (0=OFF, 1=ON, 2=RLY1, 3=RLY2)	R/W
40057	Dew Point	Type: INT, Factor: 10, Unit: °C/°F	R
40058	Temperature Unit	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Default: 2 (1=°C, 2=°F)	R/W
40059	Reserved		
40060	Error Codes	1: No Error 2: EEPROM Error 3: Temperature Sensor Error 4: DAC Error 5: M1 Error 6: M2 Error 7: S1 Wrong Type 8: S1 Module Missing 9: S2 Wrong Type 10: S2 Module Missing 11: S1 Low Voltage 12: S1 L or C Error 13: S1 Comm. Error 14: S2 Low Voltage 15: S2 L or C Error 16: S2 Comm. Error	R
40061	Signal Relay Status	Type: INT, Factor: 1, (0=No alarm, 1=Alarm, relay changed status)	R
40062	Service Time Left	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Unit: Hours	R
40063	S1 Alarm Status	Type: INT, Factor: 1, (0=No alarm, 1= Alarm Low, 2= Alarm High)	R
40064	S2 Alarm Status	Type: INT, Factor: 1, (0=No alarm, 1= Alarm Low, 2= Alarm High)	R
40065	Temperature Alarm Status	Type: INT, Factor: 1, (0=No alarm, 1=Alarm)	R
40066	S1 Module Working Time left	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Unit: Days	R
40067	S2 Module Working Time left	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Unit: Days	R
40068	S1 CO2 ABC	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Default: 2 (1=OFF, 2=ON)	R/W
40069	S1 last CO2 Correction	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Unit: ppm	R
40070	S1 CO2 Altitude	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: meter, Default: 0 (0-3000)	R/W
40071	S2 CO2 ABC	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Default: 2 (1=OFF, 2=ON)	R/W
40072	S2 last CO2 Correction	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Unit: ppm	R
40073	S2 CO2 Altitude	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: meter, Default: 0 (0-3000)	R/W
40074	S1 Type4 Correction		
40075	S2 Type4 Correction		
40076	Relay 1 Follows	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Default: 5 1 = S1 AL L	R/W

		2 = S1 AL H 3 = S2 AL L 4 = S2 AL H 5 = AL L 6 = AL H	
40077	Relay 1 Latching	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Default: 0 (0=OFF, 1=ON)	R/W
40078	Relay 1 Runtime	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: min, Default: 1 (0-30)	R/W
40079	Relay 1 Override	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Default: 1 (0=No, 1=Yes)	R/W
40080	Relay 1 Polarity	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Default: 0 (0=N/O, 1=N/C)	R/W
40081	Relay 2 Follows	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Default: 6 1 = S1 AL L 2 = S1 AL H 3 = S2 AL L 4 = S2 AL H 5 = AL L 6 = AL H	R/W
40082	Relay 2 Latching	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Default: 0 (0=OFF, 1=ON)	R/W
40083	Relay 2 Runtime	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: min, Default: 5 (0-30)	R/W
40084	Relay 2 Override	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Default: 0 (0=No, 1=Yes)	R/W
40085	Relay 2 Polarity	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Default: 0 (0=N/O, 1=N/C)	R/W
40086	Analog Output 1 Min.	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: %, Default: 0 (0-100)	R/W
40087	Analog Output 1 Max.	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: %, Default: 100 (0-100)	R/W
40088	Analog Output 2 Min.	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: %, Default: 0 (0-100)	R/W
40089	Analog Output 2 Max.	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: %, Default: 100 (0-100)	R/W
40090	Analog Output 1 Follows	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Default: 1 1 = S1 2 = S2 3 = Highest	R/W
40091	*Analog S1 Min Gas Value	Type: uINT, Factor: 1,10, Unit: Gas Type Specific Range: Gas Type Specific	R/W
40092	*Analog S1 Max Gas Value	Type: uINT, Factor: 1,10, Unit: Gas Type Specific Range: Gas Type Specific	R/W
40093	Analog Output 2 Follows	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Default: 2 1 = S1 2 = S2 3 = Highest	R/W
40094	*Analog S2 Min Gas Value	Type: uINT, Factor: 1,10, Unit: Gas Type Specific Range: Gas Type Specific	R/W
40095	*Analog S2 Max Gas Value	Type: uINT, Factor: 1,10, Unit: Gas Type Specific Range: Gas Type Specific	R/W
40096	Analog Output 1 Logic	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Default: 0 (0=OFF, 1=ON) OFF: Independently Driven. ON: Network value.	R/W
40097	Analog Output 2 Logic	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Default: 0 (0=OFF, 1=ON) OFF: Independently Driven. ON: Network value.	R/W
40098	Relay 1 Alarm Status	Type: INT, Factor: 1, (0=No alarm, 1=Alarm, relay changed status)	R

40099	Relay 2 Alarm Status	Type: INT, Factor: 1, (0=No alarm, 1=Alarm, relay changed status)	R
40100	Analog OP 1 Network Value (%)	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: %, Default: 0 (0-100)	R/W
40101	Analog OP 2 Network Value (%)	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: %, Default: 0 (0-100)	R/W
40102	PM1.0 Alarm Low Setpoint	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: ug/m3, Default: 16 (10-999)	R/W
40103	PM1.0 Alarm High Setpoint	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: ug/m3, Default: 57 (10-999)	R/W
40104	PM1.0 reading	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Unit: ug/m3	R
40105	PM1.0 Alarm Status	Type: INT, Factor: 1, (0=No alarm, 1= Alarm Low, 2= Alarm High, 3=Fault)	R
40106	PM2.5 Alarm Low Setpoint	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: ug/m3, Default: 21 (10-999)	R/W
40107	PM2.5 Alarm High Setpoint	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: ug/m3, Default: 76 (10-999)	R/W
40108	PM2.5 reading	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Unit: ug/m3	R
40109	PM2.5 Alarm Status	Type: INT, Factor: 1, (0=No alarm, 1= Alarm Low, 2= Alarm High, 3=Fault)	R
40110	PM10 Alarm Low Setpoint	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: ug/m3, Default: 31 (10-999)	R/W
40111	PM10 Alarm High Setpoint	Type: uINT, Factor: 1, Unit: ug/m3, Default: 114 (10-999)	R/W
40112	PM10 reading	Type: INT, Factor: 1, Unit: ug/m3	R
40113	PM10 Alarm Status	Type: INT, Factor: 1, (0=No alarm, 1= Alarm Low, 2= Alarm High, 3=Fault)	R

Please pass this manual to the system owner/user.

Date of Installation:	
Installation Location:	
Organisation:	
Stamp/Signature of the installer:	

S&S Northern Limited

www.snsnorthern.com

S&S Northern Head Office

Tel: +44 (0) 1257 470983

info@snsnorthern.com



S&S Northern Limited is the owner of this document and reserves all rights of modification without prior notice